The flight of your child’s career rests in your hands!

HDFC SL Youngstar Super Premium
A Unit Linked Non Participating Life Insurance Plan
IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER

There is no bigger joy than being able to fulfil your child's dream on your own. With HDFC SL YoungStar Super Premium you can fulfil your child's immediate and future needs. So tomorrow when your child needs your support you don't have to depend on anyone else.

HDFC SL YOUNGSTAR SUPER PREMIUM

The HDFC SL YoungStar Super Premium gives:
- Valuable financial protection for your child.
- Yearly payments to your family in case of your unfortunate demise.
- Flexible Benefit Payment Preferences - Save Benefit or Save-n-Gain Benefit.
- Opportunity to invest in a choice of funds.

You can choose your premium and investment fund(s). We will then invest your premium, net of premium allocation charges in your chosen fund(s) in the proportion you specify.

At the end of the policy term, you will receive the accumulated value of your fund(s).

In case of your unfortunate demise during the policy term, your beneficiary will receive the benefits as per Benefits Payment Preference chosen by you.

3 EASY STEPS TO YOUR OWN PLAN

Step 1: Choose your regular premium & level of protection.
Step 2: Choose your benefit payment preference & plan option as per your need.
Step 3: Choose the investment fund(s).

STEP 1: CHOOSE YOUR REGULAR PREMIUM & LEVEL OF PROTECTION

You can choose your premium and level of protection as per the limits mentioned below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PREMIUM</th>
<th>SUM ASSURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AGE LESS THAN 45 YEARS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>₹ 15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>No limit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The level of premium chosen by you cannot be altered anytime during the policy term.

*Only Annual mode is available under this plan.

^Annualized Premium means the premium amount payable in a year excluding the taxes, rider premiums and underwriting extra premium on riders, if any.

STEP 2: CHOOSE YOUR BENEFIT PAYMENT PREFERENCE & PLAN OPTION

You can opt for one of the following two Plan Option:
- Death Benefit - by choosing the Life Option
- Death Benefit + Critical Illness Benefit * - by choosing the Life & Health Option

With either of the above mentioned plan options, you can select any one of the below mentioned Benefit Payment Preference, which will determine how your beneficiary will get the benefits in case of a claim.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BENEFIT PAYMENT PREFERENCE</th>
<th>SUMMARY OF THE BENEFITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Save Benefit               | • We will pay the Sum Assured to the beneficiary.  
                             | • Your family need not pay any further premiums. We will pay 100% of all the future regular premiums, at the original level, towards your policy & all risk covers will cease.  
                             | • On Maturity, we will pay the fund value to the beneficiary. |
| Save-n-Gain Benefit        | • We will pay the Sum Assured to the beneficiary.  
                             | • Your family need not pay any further premiums. We will pay 50% of all the future premiums towards your policy and the balance 50% of the premiums will be paid to the beneficiary as and when due, on an annual basis & all risk covers will cease.  
                             | • On Maturity, we will pay the fund value to the beneficiary. |

On a claim the beneficiary will not have the right to request for any partial withdrawal, fund switch, premium redirection, settlement option, surrender, etc. He/She will only be entitled to receive the fund value at the end of the original policy term.

* In your policy documents we give the Critical Illness Benefit the unique name of “Extra Health Benefit”

STEP 3: CHOOSE YOUR INVESTMENT FUNDS

This being a unit linked plan; the premiums you pay in this plan are subject to investment risks associated with the capital markets. The unit prices of the funds may go up or down, reflecting changes in the capital markets.

So, to balance your level of risk and return, making the right investment choice is very important and you are responsible for the choices you make.

The available funds give you the potential for:
- Higher but more variable returns; or
- Lower but more stable returns over the term of your policy.

Your investment will buy units in any of the following 4 funds designed to meet your risk appetite. All the investment funds available to this plan will be available to you. All units in a particular fund are identical.

The past performance of any of the funds is not necessarily an indication of future performance. Unit prices can go up and down.
You can choose either all or a combination of the following funds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUND</th>
<th>SFIN</th>
<th>DETAILS</th>
<th>ASSET CLASS</th>
<th>RISK &amp; RETURN RATING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income Fund</td>
<td>ULIF03401/01/10</td>
<td>Higher potential returns due to higher duration and credit exposure</td>
<td>Money Market Instruments Cash &amp; Deposits &amp; Liquid Mutual Fund*</td>
<td>0% to 20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IncomeFund101</td>
<td></td>
<td>Government Securities, Fixed Income Securities</td>
<td>80% to 100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Equity</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balanced Fund</td>
<td>ULIF03901/09/10</td>
<td>Dynamic Equity exposure to enhance the returns while the Debt allocation reduces the volatility of returns</td>
<td>0% to 20%</td>
<td>0% to 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BalancedFd101</td>
<td></td>
<td>40% to 80%</td>
<td>Moderate to High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Chip Fund</td>
<td>ULIF03601/01/10</td>
<td>Exposure to large-cap equities &amp; equity related securities</td>
<td>0% to 20%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BlueChipFd101</td>
<td></td>
<td>80% to 100%</td>
<td>Very High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opportunities</td>
<td>ULIF03601/01/10</td>
<td>Exposure to mid-cap equities &amp; equity related securities</td>
<td>0% to 20%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund</td>
<td>OpprtnyFd101</td>
<td></td>
<td>80% to 100%</td>
<td>Very High</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment in Mutual Funds will be made as per Mutual Fund limits prescribed by IRDAI regulations and guidelines. As per (IRDAI (Investment) Regulations, 2016 Master Circular), the Investment limit in Mutual Funds is 7% of Investment assets. This will apply at overall level and at SFIN level, the maximum exposure shall not exceed 15%.

The asset allocation for the Discontinued Policy Fund (SFIN:ULIF05110/03/11DiscontdPF101) shall be as per the prevailing regulatory requirements. Currently, the asset allocation is as follows:

(i) Money Market Instruments - 0% to 40%
(ii) Government securities: 60% to 100%

You can access the value of policy wise units held by you, through a secured login, as per the format D02 prescribed under IRDAI Investment Regulations, 2016.

For risk factors please refer Terms & Conditions section below.

Changing Fund Choices:
You can change your investment fund choices in two ways:

- **Switching:**
  You can move your accumulated funds from one fund to another available fund anytime.

- **Premium Redirection:**
  You can pay your future premiums into a different selection of available funds, as per your need.

### ELIGIBILITY

The age and term limits for HDFC SL YoungStar Super Premium are as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ELIGIBILITY</th>
<th>LIFE OPTION</th>
<th>LIFE &amp; HEALTH OPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Entry Age</td>
<td>18 years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Entry Age</td>
<td>65 years</td>
<td>55 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Maturity Age</td>
<td>75 years</td>
<td>65 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Policy Term*</td>
<td>10 years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Policy Term*</td>
<td>20 years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Terms 11 to 14 are not available.

For all ages, risk commences from the date of inception of the contract.

**OPTION TO TAKE PLAN WITH SHORT MEDICAL QUESTIONNAIRE**

This product would be available with a Short Medical Questionnaire (SMQ) based underwriting. In the instances where the life insured answers in affirmative to one or more questions in the SMQ or where the life insured has significant levels of insurance coverage in-force through previously purchased insurance policies, the Company may require the life insured to complete a longer proposal form used normally for full underwriting. Please speak to your Financial Consultant to know more details.

### SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Illustration 1</th>
<th>Illustration 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age in years</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term in years</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What you pay? (₹)</td>
<td>25,000 Annual Premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sum Assured (₹)</td>
<td>2,50,000 Sum Assured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What might you get back? (₹)</td>
<td>3,99,846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assumed rate of return at 4 % p.a.</td>
<td>5,57,296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assumed rate of return at 8 % p.a.</td>
<td>3,94,624</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. This snapshot of illustration is only for HDFC SL Young Star Super Premium-Life Option Save Benefit & Save - n-Gain Benefit for a healthy male life. B. The values shown are for illustration purpose only. C. The benefits illustrated assume that all premiums that are due over the full term will be paid and no withdrawals will be made during the policy term. Incase premiums are not paid for full term at original level or if any withdrawals are made during the policy term, the illustrated benefits will be lower. The illustrated values may not be constant over the policy year. D. Some benefits are guaranteed and some benefits are variable with returns based on the future performance of your insurer carrying on life insurance business. If your policy offers guaranteed benefits then these will be clearly marked “guaranteed” in the illustration table on this page. If your policy offers variable benefits then the illustrations on this page will show two different rates of assumed future investment returns. These assumed rates of return are not guaranteed and they are not the upper or lower limits of what you might get back, as the value of your policy is dependent on a number of factors including future investment performance.

# These assumed rates of returns are not guaranteed and they are not the upper or lower limits of what you might get back, as the value of the policy is dependent on a number of factors including future investment performance.
**ACCESSING YOUR MONEY**

**A) On Maturity**

Your policy matures at the end of the policy term you have chosen and all your risk covers cease. You may redeem your balance units at the then prevailing unit price and take the fund value.

**Settlement Option:** You can take your fund value in periodical instalments over a period which may extend up to a maximum of 5 years. The first instalment under settlement option shall be payable on the date of maturity. In case of settlement period after maturity, the risk cover shall be maintained at 105% of the total premiums paid. Accordingly, mortality charges will be deducted. The charges levied on the fund during settlement period are the fund management charge, switching charge and mortality charges if any. The company will not levy any other charges. Switches will be allowed during the settlement period. Partial withdrawals shall not be allowed during the settlement period. Complete withdrawal may be allowed at any time during this period without levying any charge. At the end of this 5-year period, we will redeem the balance units at the then prevailing unit price and pay the fund value to you.

**B) On Death**

In case of your unfortunate demise during the policy term, the benefit payable to your beneficiary will be determined solely based on the **Benefit Payment Preference** (Save Benefit or Save-n-Gain Benefit) chosen by you.

The minimum death benefit will be at least 105% of the total premiums paid.

On a claim all risk covers will cease and the Unit Fund will continue to be invested. The beneficiary will not have the right to request for any partial withdrawal, fund switch, premium redirection, settlement option, surrender, etc. He will only be entitled to receive the fund value at the end of the original policy term.

Any Critical Illness Cover terminates immediately.

**C) On Critical Illness**

In case you are diagnosed with any of the critical illnesses covered (See Terms & Conditions) before the end of policy term, the benefit payable will be determined solely based on the **Benefit Payment Preference** (Save Benefit or Save-n-Gain Benefit) chosen by you.

The Death Benefit Cover terminates immediately.

On a claim all risk covers will cease and the Unit Fund will continue to be invested. The beneficiary will not have the right to request for any partial withdrawal, fund switch, premium redirection, settlement option, surrender, etc. He will only be entitled to receive the fund value at the end of the original policy term.

**D) By Partial Withdrawal**

You can make lump sum partial withdrawals from your funds after 5 years of your policy provided:

- The minimum withdrawal amount is ₹10,000.
- After the withdrawal and applicable charges, the fund value is not less than 150% of your original regular premium.
- The maximum amount that can be withdrawn throughout the policy term is 300% of the original regular premium.
- The partial withdrawals shall not be allowed which would result in termination of a contract.

**E) On Discontinuance**

This plan has a grace period of 30 days. You are expected to pay your annual premium through-out the policy term. During the grace period, policy is considered to be in-force with the risk cover without any interruption.

**Discontinuance of Policy during the lock-in Period:**

a) For other than single premium policies, upon expiry of the grace period, in case of discontinuance of policy due to non-payment of premium, the fund value after deducting the applicable discontinuance charges, shall be credited to the discontinued policy fund and the risk cover and rider cover, if any, shall cease.

b) Such discontinuance charges shall not exceed the charges, stipulated in “Charges” section of this document. All such discontinued policies shall be provided a revival period of three years from date of first unpaid premium. On such discontinuance, the company will communicate the status of the policy, within three months of the first unpaid premium, to the policyholder and provide the option to revive the policy within the revival period of three years.

i. In case the policyholder opts to revive but does not revive the policy during the revival period, the proceeds of the discontinued policy fund shall be paid to the policyholder at the end of the revival period or lock-in period whichever is later. In respect of revival period ending after lock-in period, the policy will remain in discontinuation fund till the end of revival period. The Fund management charges of discontinued fund will be applicable during this period and no other charges will be applied.

ii. In case the policyholder does not exercise the option as set out above, the policy shall continue without any risk cover and rider cover, if any, and the policy fund shall remain invested in the discontinuation fund. At the end of the lock-in period, the proceeds of the discontinuation fund shall be paid to the policyholder and the policy shall terminate.

iii. However, the policyholder has an option to surrender the policy anytime and proceeds of the discontinued policy shall be payable at the end of lock-in period or date of surrender whichever is later.

c) In case of Single premium policies, the policyholder has an option to surrender any time during the lock-in period. Upon receipt of request for surrender, the fund value, after deducting the applicable discontinuance charges, shall be credited to the discontinued policy fund.

i. Such discontinuance charges shall not exceed the charges stipulated in section “Charges” of this document.

ii. The policy shall continue to be invested in the discontinued policy fund and the proceeds from the discontinuation fund shall be paid at the end of lock-in period. Only fund management charge may be deducted from this fund during this period. Further, no risk cover can be availed on such policy during the discontinuation period.

The minimum guaranteed interest rate applicable to the ‘Discontinued Policy Fund’ shall be as per the prevailing regulations and is currently 4% p.a. The proceeds of the discontinued policy shall be refunded only upon completion of the lock-in period.

Proceeds of the discontinued policies means the fund value as on the date the policy was discontinued, after addition of interest computed at the interest rate stipulated as above.

**Discontinuance of Policy after the lock-in Period:**

a) For other than Single Premium Policies:

i. Upon expiry of the grace period, in case of discontinuance of policy due to non-payment of premium after lock-in period, the policy shall be converted into a reduced paid up policy with the paid-up sum assured i.e. original sum assured multiplied by the total number of premiums paid to the original number of premiums payable as per the terms and conditions of the policy. The policy shall continue to be in reduced paid-up status without rider cover, if any. All charges as per terms and conditions of the policy shall be deducted during the revival period. However, the mortality charges shall be deducted based on the reduced paid up sum assured only.

ii. Upon such discontinuance, the company will communicate the status of the policy, within three months of the first unpaid premium, to the policyholder and provide the following options:

1. To revive the policy within the revival period of three years, or
2. Complete withdrawal of the policy.

iii. In case the policyholder opts for (1) above but does not revive the policy...
during the revival period, the fund value shall be paid to the policyholder at the end of the revival period.

iv. In case the policyholder does not exercise any option as set out above, the policy shall continue to be in reduced paid-up status. At the end of the revival period the proceeds of the policy fund shall be paid to the policyholder and the policy shall terminate.

v. However, the policyholder has an option to surrender the policy anytime and proceeds of the policy fund shall be payable.

b) In case of Single Premium Policies, the policyholder has an option to surrender the policy any time. Upon receipt of request for surrender, the fund value as on date of surrender shall be payable.

F. Revival of Discontinued Policies

We understand that you may want to revive your discontinued policy.

You have the option to revive a discontinued policy within three consecutive years from the date of first unpaid premium, subject to our underwriting policy.

Revival of a Discontinued Policy during lock-in Period

a) You can revive the policy restoring the risk cover, along with the investments made in the segregated funds as chosen by you, out of the discontinued fund, less the applicable charges as in sub-section (b) below, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy.

b) At the time of revival:

i. all due and unpaid premiums which have not been paid shall be payable without charging any interest or fee.

ii. policy administration charge and premium allocation charge as applicable during the discontinuance period shall be levied. Guarantee charges, if applicable during the discontinuance period, shall be deducted provided the guarantee continues to be applicable. No other charges shall be levied.

iii. the discontinuance charges deducted at the time of discontinuance of the policy shall be added back to the fund.

Revival of a Discontinued Policy after lock-in Period

a) You can revive the policy restoring the original risk cover in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy.

b) At the time of revival:

i. all due and unpaid premiums under base plan which have not been paid shall be payable without charging any interest or fee. The policyholder also has the option to revive the rider.

ii. premium allocation charge as applicable shall be levied. The guarantee charges shall be deducted, if guarantee continues to be applicable.

iii. No other charges shall be levied.

The beneficiary is the sole person entitled to receive the benefit under the policy. Where the beneficiary is less than 18 years of age, the benefit will be paid to the Appointee.

We envisage that the majority of our policyholders would be buying the policy for the benefit of their children. Hence the beneficiary would be the child in all these circumstances. We do however allow the policy to be taken for the benefit of any other person as well, subject to insurability interest being proved to our satisfaction.

The charges under this policy are deducted to provide for the cost of benefits and the administration provided by us. Our charges, when taken together, are structured to give you better returns and value for money over the long term.

*Statutory Charge: Taxes and Levies as applicable would be charged.
**ALTERATION TO CHARGES**

We cannot change our current charges without prior approval from IRDAI.

- The Fund Management Charge & Discontinuance Charge will subject to the maximum cap as allowed by IRDAI;
- The Policy Administration Charge, Premium Allocation Charge and All Risk Charge Rates are guaranteed for the entire duration of the policy term.

**TAX BENEFITS**

Tax Benefits may be available as per prevailing tax laws. You are requested to consult your tax advisor.

**RIDER OPTIONS**

We offer the following Rider options (as modified from time to time) to help you enhance your protection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rider</th>
<th>UIN</th>
<th>Scope of Benefits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HDFC Life Income Benefit on Accidental Disability Rider</td>
<td>101B013V03</td>
<td>A benefit equal to 1% of Rider Sum Assured per month for the next 10 years, in case of an Accidental Total Permanent Disability. There is no maturity benefit available under this rider.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HDFC Life Critical Illness Plus Rider</td>
<td>101B014V02</td>
<td>A lump sum benefit equal to the Rider Sum Assured shall be payable in case you are diagnosed with any of the 19 Critical Illnesses and survive for a period of 30 days following the diagnosis. There is no maturity benefit available under this rider.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TERMS & CONDITIONS**

We recommend that you read this brochure & benefit illustration and understand what the plan is, how it works, the risks involved before you purchase. We have appointed Certified Financial Consultants, duly licensed by IRDAI, who will explain our plans to you and advise you on the correct insurance solution that will meet your needs.

**A) Risk Factors:**

- Unit Linked Insurance products are different from the traditional insurance products and are subject to the risk factors.
- The premium paid in Unit Linked Insurance policies are subject to investment risks associated with capital markets and the NAVs of the units may go up or down based on the performance of fund and factors influencing the capital market and the insured is responsible for his/her decisions.
- HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited is only the name of the Life Insurance Company and HDFC SL YoungStar Super Premium is only the name of the unit linked insurance contract and does not in any way indicate the quality of the contract, its future prospects or returns.
- Please know the associated risks and the applicable charges, from your insurance agent or the intermediary or policy document issued by the insurance company.
- The various funds offered under this contact are the names of the funds and do not in any way indicate the quality of these plans, their future prospects and returns.

**B) Unit Prices:**

We will set the unit price of a fund as per the IRDAI's guidelines. The unit price of Unit Linked Funds shall be computed as: Market Value of investments held for the fund plus the value of any current assets plus any accrued income net of fund management charges less the value of any current liabilities less provision, if any. This gives the net asset value of the fund. Dividing by the number of units existing at the valuation date (before any units are allocated/redeemed), gives the unit price of the fund under consideration. We round the resulting price to the nearest Re. 0.0001. This price will be published on our website and leading national newspapers. Units shall only be allocated on the day the proposal is accepted and results into a policy by adjustment of application money towards premium. The premium will be adjusted on the due date even if it has been received in advance and the status of the premium received in advance shall be communicated to the policyholder.

**C) Critical Illnesses Covered:**

The Critical Illnesses, which are covered, provided this benefit is opted for, are: Cancer, Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery (CABGS), Heart Attack, Kidney Failure, Major Organ Transplant (as recipient) and Stroke. For full details, particularly relating to exclusions and critical illness definitions please refer to the Sections E and P below.

**D) Suicide Exclusion:**

- In case of death due to suicide within 12 months from the date of commencement of the policy or from the date of revival of the policy, as applicable, the nominee or the beneficiary of the policyholder shall be entitled to the fund value, as available on the date of intimation of death.
- Further any charges other than Fund Management Charges (FMC) and guarantee charges recovered subsequent to the date of death shall be added back to the fund value as available on the date of intimation of death.
- We will not pay Critical Illness Benefits if the critical illness has occurred within 6 months of the date of commencement or date of issue or date of revival of the policy whichever is later. We may not pay Critical Illness Benefits if we do not receive a duly completed claim form within 3 years of the illness, disability, operation or other circumstances giving rise to the claim.
- We will not pay Critical Illness Benefits if the critical illness is caused directly or indirectly by intentionally self-inflicted injury or attempted suicide, irrespective of mental condition, pregnancy or childbirth or complications arising therefrom.
- We will not pay Critical Illness, if the critical illness is caused directly or indirectly by any of the following:
  - Alcohol or solvent abuse, or the taking of drugs except under the direction of a registered medical practitioner
  - War, invasion, hostilities (whether war is declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution or taking part in a riot or civil commotion
  - Taking part in any flying activity, other than as a passenger in a commercially licensed aircraft
  - Taking part in any act of a criminal nature

**E) Additional Servicing Request**

Any additional servicing request initiated by the policyholder will attract a charge of Rs. 250 per request. This charge may be increased to allow for inflation. This charge may be waived by the Company. In addition, where the premium is paid through credit card, the company may charge up to 2% of instalment premium depending on the credit card used. The list of additional services eligible under this product is given below. Any administrative servicing that we may introduce at a later date would be included to this list.

- Premium Collection related services such as Cheque pick-up / Premium payment via outstation cheques / drop-box deposit
- Product related services such as partial withdrawals, premium redirection, switches etc, wherever applicable
F) Cancellation in the Free-Look period:
In case you are not agreeable to the general policy terms and conditions, you have the option of returning the policy to us stating the reasons thereof, within 15 days from the date of receipt of the policy. The Free-Look period for policies purchased through distance marketing (specified below) will be 30 days. On receipt of your letter along with the original policy documents, we shall arrange to refund you the value of units allocated to you on the date of receipt of request plus the unallocated part of the premium plus charges levied by cancellation of units, subject to deduction of the proportionate risk premium for the period on cover, the expenses incurred by us on medical examination and stamp duty.

Distance Marketing refers to insurance policies sold through any mode apart from face-to-face interactions such as telephone, internet etc (Please refer to “Guidelines on Distance Marketing of Insurance Product” for exhaustive definition of Distance Marketing).

G) Loans:
Policy loans are not allowed.

H) Alterations:
Increase or decrease of policy term, sum assured and premiums are not allowed.

I) Special rules for large transactions:
For a very large transaction above a threshold level, in order to maintain equity and fairness with all unit holders, we may choose to apply special treatment for all transactions, which involve purchase or sale of underlying assets. The number of units allocated may reflect the expenditure incurred in the actual market transactions which occurred. The value of units obtained from encashment may be the actual value obtained as a consequence of the actual market transaction which occurred. Transactions may occur over a number of days. The threshold level will vary from time to time, depending on, amongst other matters, the liquidity of the stock markets. Our current threshold for large transactions will be Rs. 50,000,000 for a fund predominately investing in Government Securities and Rs. 25,000,000 for a fund investing in highly liquid equities.

J) Nomination as per Section 39 of the Insurance Act 1938 as amended from time to time:
(1) The policyholder of a life insurance on his own life may nominate a person or persons to whom money secured by the policy shall be paid in the event of his death.
(2) Where the nominee is a minor, the policyholder may appoint any person to receive the money secured by the policy in the event of policyholder's death during the minority of the nominee. The manner of appointment to be laid down by the insurer.
(3) Nomination can be made at any time before the maturity of the policy.
(4) Nomination may be incorporated in the text of the policy itself or may be endorsed on the policy communicated to the insurer and can be registered by the insurer in the records relating to the policy.
(5) Nomination can be cancelled or changed at any time before policy matures, by an endorsement or a further endorsement or a will as the case may be.
(6) A notice in writing of Change or Cancellation of nomination must be delivered to the insurer for the insurer to be liable to such nominee. Otherwise, insurer will not be liable if a bonafide payment is made to the person named in the text of the policy or in the registered records of the insurer.

(7) Fee to be paid to the insurer for registering change or cancellation of a nomination can be specified by the Authority through Regulations.
(8) A transfer or assignment made in accordance with Section 38 shall automatically cancel the nomination except in case of assignment to the insurer or other transferee or assignee for purpose of loan or against security or its reassignment after repayment. In such case, the nomination will not get cancelled to the extent of insurer’s or transferee’s or assignee’s interest in the policy. The nomination will get revived on repayment of the loan.
(9) The provisions of Section 39 are not applicable to any life insurance policy to which Section 6 of Married Women’s Property Act, 1874 applies or has at any time applied except where before or after Insurance Laws (Amendment) Act 2015, a nomination is made in favour of spouse or children or spouse and children whether or not on the face of the policy it is mentioned that it is made under Section 39. Where nomination is intended to be made to spouse or children or spouse and children under Section 6 of MWP Act, it should be specifically mentioned on the policy. In such a case only, the provisions of Section 39 will not apply.

K) Assignment as per Section 38 of the Insurance Act 1938 as amended from time to time:
(1) This policy may be transferred/assigned, wholly or in part, with or without consideration.
(2) An Assignment may be effected in a policy by an endorsement upon the policy itself or by a separate instrument under notice to the insurer.
(3) The instrument of assignment should indicate the fact of transfer or assignment and the reasons for the assignment or transfer, antecedents of the assignee and terms on which assignment is made.
(4) The assignment must be signed by the transferor or assignor or duly authorized agent and attested by at least one witness.
(5) The transfer or assignment shall not be operative as against an insurer until a notice in writing of the transfer or assignment and either the said endorsement or instrument itself or copy there of certified to be correct by both transferor and transferee or their duly authorized agents have been delivered to the insurer.
(6) Fee to be paid for assignment or transfer can be specified by the Authority through Regulations.
(7) On receipt of notice with fee, the Insurer should Grant a written acknowledgement of receipt of notice. Such notice shall be conclusive evidence against the insurer of duly receiving the notice.
(8) The Insurer may accept or decline to act upon any transfer or assignment or endorsement, if it has sufficient reasons to believe that it is (a) not bona fide or (b) not in the interest of the policyholder or (c) not in public interest or (d) is for the purpose of trading of the insurance policy.
(9) In case of refusal to act upon the endorsement by the Insurer, any person aggrieved by the refusal may prefer a claim to IRDAI within 30 days of receipt of the refusal letter from the Insurer.

Section J (Nomination) and K (Assignment or Transfer) are simplified versions prepared for general information only and hence are not comprehensive. For full texts of these sections please refer to Section 38 and Section 39 of the Insurance Act, 1938 as amended by The Insurance Laws (Amendment) Act, 2015.

L) Prohibition of Rebates: In accordance with Section 41 of the Insurance Act, 1938 as amended from time to time:
(1) No person shall allow or offer to allow, either directly or indirectly, as an inducement to any person to take or renew or continue an insurance in respect of any kind of risk relating to lives or property in India, any rebate of the whole or part of the commission payable or any rebate of the premium shown on the policy, nor shall any person taking out or renewing or continuing a policy accept any rebate, except such rebate as may be allowed in accordance with the published prospectuses or tables of the insurer.
(2) Any person making default in complying with the provisions of this section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ten lakh rupees.
M) Non-Disclosure: In accordance with Section 45 of the Insurance Act, 1938 as amended from time to time:

(1) No policy of life insurance shall be called in question on any ground whatsoever after the expiry of three years from the date of the policy, i.e., from the date of issuance of the policy or the date of commencement of risk or the date of revival of the policy or the date of the rider to the policy, whichever is later.

(2) A policy of life insurance may be called in question at any time within three years from the date of issuance of the policy or the date of commencement of risk or the date of revival of the policy or the date of the rider to the policy, whichever is later, on the ground of fraud: Provided that the insurer shall have to communicate in writing to the insured or the legal representatives or nominees or assignees of the insured the grounds and materials on which such decision is based.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), no insurer shall repudiate a life insurance policy on the ground of fraud if the insurer can prove that the mis-statement of or suppression of a material fact was true to the best of his knowledge and belief or that there was no deliberate intention to suppress the fact or that such mis-statement of or suppression of a material fact are within the knowledge of the insurer: Provided that in case of fraud, the onus of disproving lies upon the beneficiaries, in case the policyholder is not alive.

(4) A policy of life insurance may be called in question at any time within three years from the date of issuance of the policy or the date of commencement of risk or the date of revival of the policy or the date of the rider to the policy, whichever is later, on the ground that any statement of or suppression of a fact material to the expectancy of the life of the insured was incorrectly made in the proposal or other document on the basis of which the policy was issued or revived or rider issued: Provided that the insurer shall have to communicate in writing to the insured or the legal representatives or nominees or assignees of the insured the grounds and materials on which such decision to repudiate the policy of life insurance is based: Provided further that in case of repudiation of the policy on the ground of mis-statement or suppression of a material fact, and not on the ground of fraud, the premiums collected on the policy till the date of repudiation shall be paid to the insured or the legal representatives or nominees or assignees of the insured within a period of ninety days from the date of such repudiation.

(5) Nothing in this section shall prevent the insurer from calling for proof of age at any time if he is entitled to do so, and no policy shall be deemed to be called in question merely because the terms of the policy are adjusted on subsequent proof that the age of the life insured was incorrectly stated in the proposal.

N) Indirect Taxes

Taxes and levies as applicable shall be levied as applicable. Any taxes, statutory levy becoming applicable in future may become payable by you by any method including by levy of an additional monetary amount in addition to premium and or charges.

Direct Taxes

Tax will be deducted at the applicable rate from the payments made under the policy, as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended from time to time.

O) Definitions of Critical Illnesses:

(a) Cancer:

A malignant tumor characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of malignant cells with invasion and destruction of normal tissues. This diagnosis must be supported by histological evidence of malignancy. The term cancer includes leukemia, lymphoma and sarcoma.

The following are excluded –

i. All tumors which are histologically described as carcinoma in situ, benign, pre-malignant, borderline malignant, low malignant potential, neoplasm of unknown behavior, or non-invasive, including but not limited to: Carcinoma in situ of breasts, Cervical dysplasia CIN-1, CIN-2 and CIN-3.

ii. Any non-melanoma skin carcinoma unless there is evidence of metastases to lymph nodes or beyond;

iii. Malignant melanoma that has not caused invasion beyond the epidermis;

iv. All tumors of the prostate unless histologically classified as having a Gleason score greater than 6 or having progressed to at least clinical TNM classification T2N0M0

v. All Thyroid cancers histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;

vi. Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia less than Rai stage 3

vii. Non-invasive papillary cancer of the bladder histologically described as TaN0M0 or of a lesser classification,

viii. All Gastro-Intestinal Stromal Tumors histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below and with mitotic count of less than or equal to 5/50 HPFs;

(b) Coronary Artery By Pass Graft Surgery (CABGS):

The actual undergoing of heart surgery to correct blockage or narrowing in one or more coronary artery(s), by coronary artery bypass grafting done via a sternotomy (cutting through the breast bone) or minimally invasive keyhole coronary artery bypass procedures. The diagnosis must be supported by a coronary angiography and the realization of surgery has to be confirmed by a cardiologist.

The following are excluded:

i. Angioplasty and/or any other intra-arterial procedures

(c) Heart Attack:

The first occurrence of heart attack or myocardial infarction, which means the death of a portion of the heart muscle as a result of inadequate blood supply to the relevant area. The diagnosis for Myocardial Infarction should be evidenced by all of the following criteria:

i. A history of typical clinical symptoms consistent with the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction (For e.g. typical chest pain)

ii. New characteristic electrocardiogram changes

iii. Elevation of infarction specific enzymes, Troponins or other specific biochemical markers.

The following are excluded:

i. Other acute Coronary Syndromes

ii. Any type of angina pectoris

iii. Arise in cardiac biomarkers or Troponin T or I in absence of overt ischemic heart disease OR following an intra-arterial cardiac procedure.

(d) Kidney Failure:

End stage renal disease presenting as chronic irreversible failure of both kidneys to function, as a result of which either regular renal dialysis (hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis) is instituted or renal transplantation is carried out. Diagnosis has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner.
(e) Major Organ Transplant:

The actual undergoing of a transplant of:

(i) One of the following human organs: heart, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, that resulted from irreversible end-stage failure of the relevant organ, or

(ii) Human bone marrow using haematopoietic stem cells. The undergoing of a transplant has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner.

The following are excluded: Other stem-cell transplants and where only islets of langerhans are transplanted.

(f) Stroke:

Any cerebrovascular incident producing permanent neurological sequelae. This includes infarction of brain tissue, thrombosis in an intracranial vessel, haemorrhage and embolisation from an extracranial source. Diagnosis has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner and evidenced by typical clinical symptoms as well as typical findings in CT Scan or MRI of the brain. Evidence of permanent neurological deficit lasting for at least 3 months has to be produced. The following are excluded: Transient ischemic attacks (TIA), Traumatic injury of the brain and Vascular disease affecting only the eye or optic nerve or vestibular functions.

Ensure a life of respect and dignity for you and your family.