

Investor Presentation – FY23



Executive summary: FY23

Revenue & Scale



Individual WRP	Rs.Bn	112.6
	Market Share	16.5%



Renewal Premium (Rs Bn.)	CY	284.5
	PY	218.1



AUM (Rs Bn.)	CY	2,388
	PY	2,042



IEV	Rs (Bn.)	395.3
	EVOP	19.7%

Profitability & Cost



New Business Margin (NBM)	CY	27.6%
	PY	27.4%



VNB (Rs Bn.)	CY	36.7
	PY	26.8



Profit After Tax (PAT) (Rs Bn.)	CY	13.6
	PY	12.1



Operating exp. ratio	CY	14.8%
	PY	12.3%

Customer & Capital



13 th month persistency	CY	87%
	PY	87%



Claim settlement ratio (FY23)	Overall	99.7%
	Individual	99.3%



Complaints per 10K policies ¹	CY	35
	PY	25



Solvency	Mar'23	203%
	Mar'22	176%

Proposed final dividend of Rs 1.90 per share, maintaining 30% dividend payout ratio²

Note: Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior years are not comparable

1. Complaints data (excluding survival and death claims). Complaints per 10K policies on merged basis for FY22: 40

2. Subject to shareholder approval

Agenda

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Performance Snapshot

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Our Strategy

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Our approach to ESG

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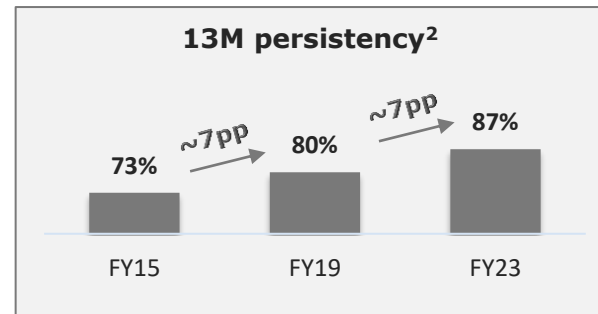
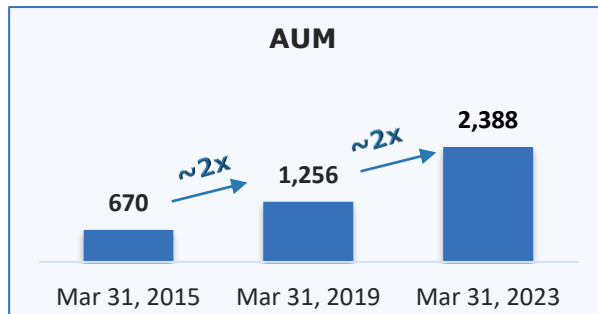
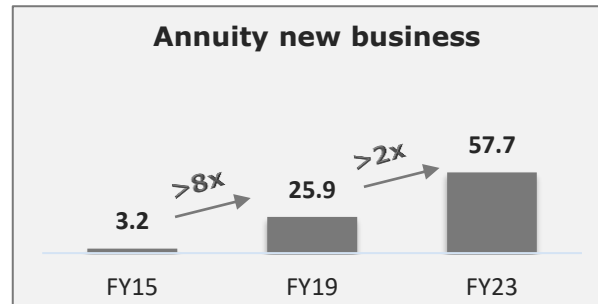
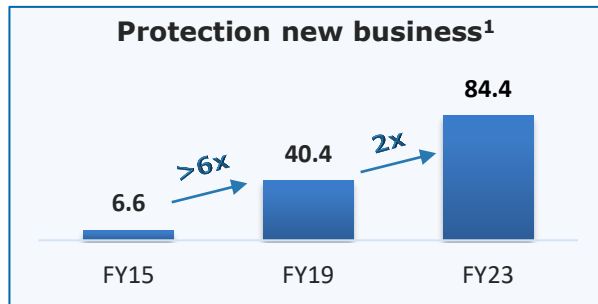
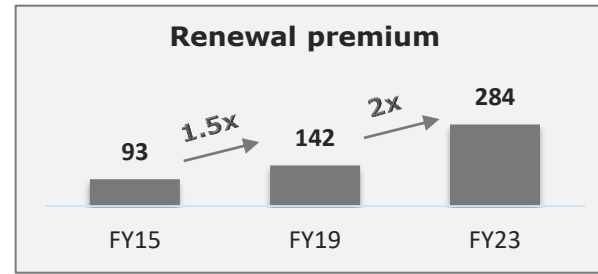
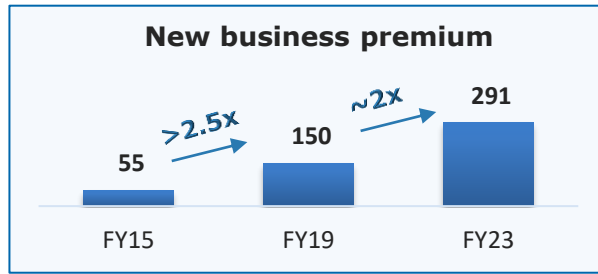
Life insurance in India



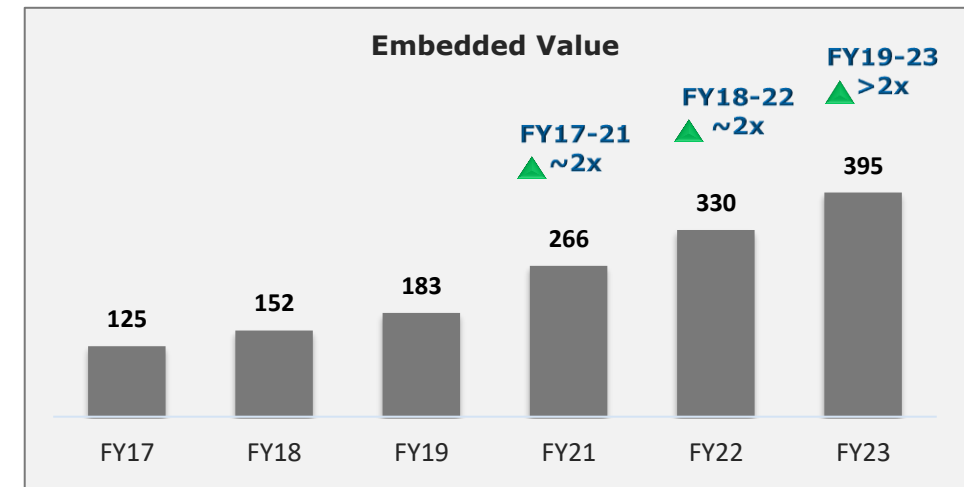
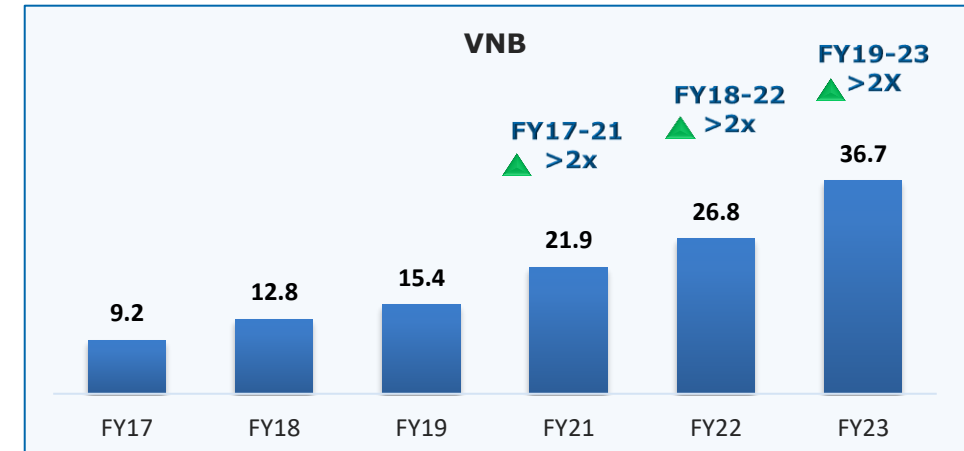
Consistent, predictable, sustained performance

Rs bn

Holistic growth

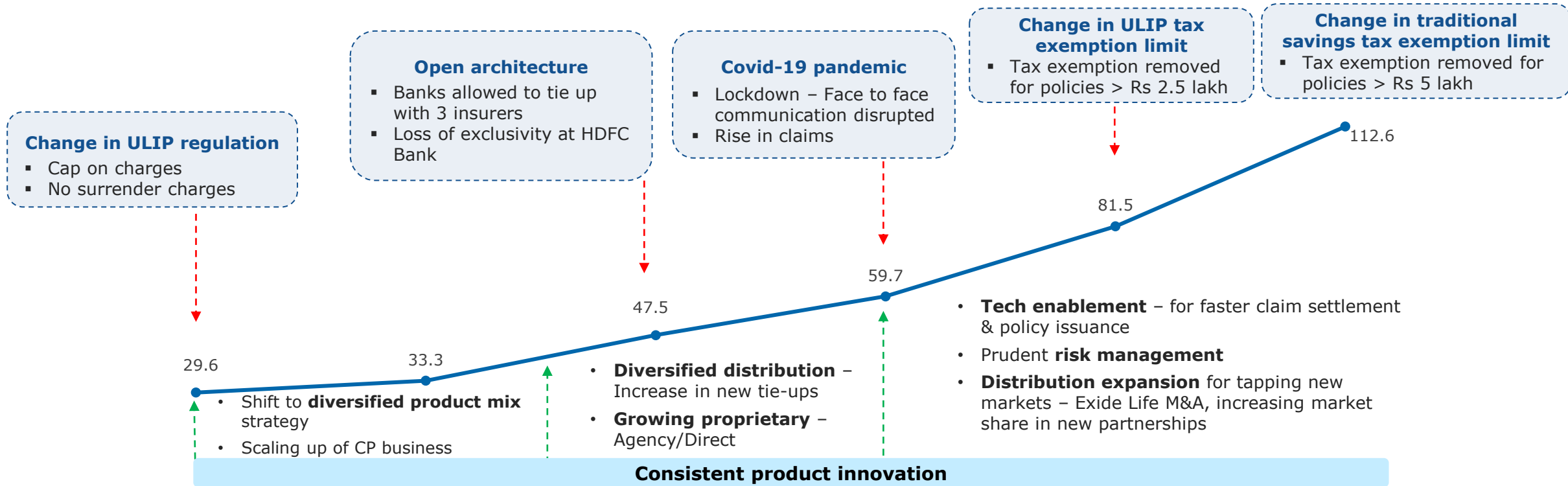


Consistent track record over multiple periods



1. Based on Overall NBP
2. Excluding single premium

Consistent performance across business cycles



	FY11	FY16	FY18	FY20	FY22	FY23
NBM¹	10.0%	19.9%	23.2%	25.9%	27.4%	27.6%
Indi WRP² growth	18%	12%	31%	19%	16%	27%
Overall industry growth	-8%	8%	19%	6%	16%	19%

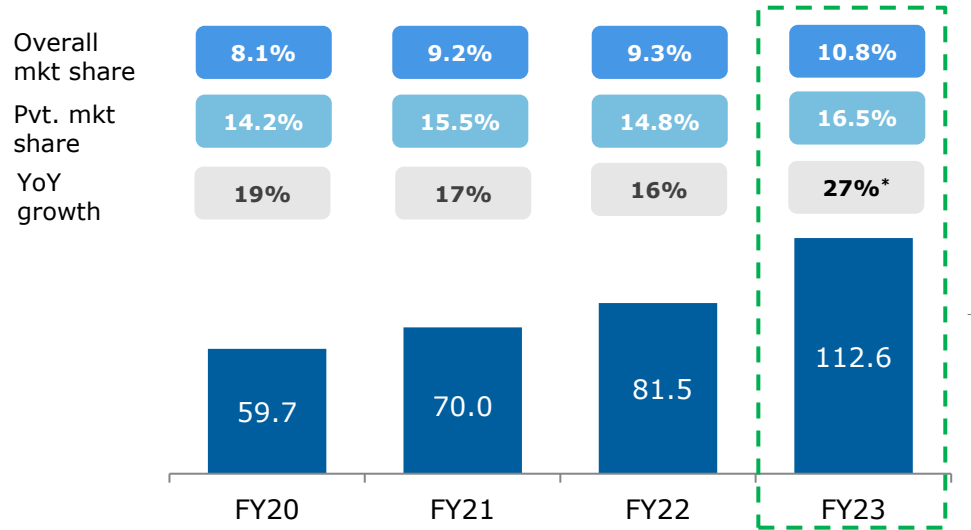
Grew ~2 times industry between FY11-FY23 while sustaining profitability

Note: Indi WRP in Rs bn
 1. New Business Margin
 2. WRP: Weighted Received Premium

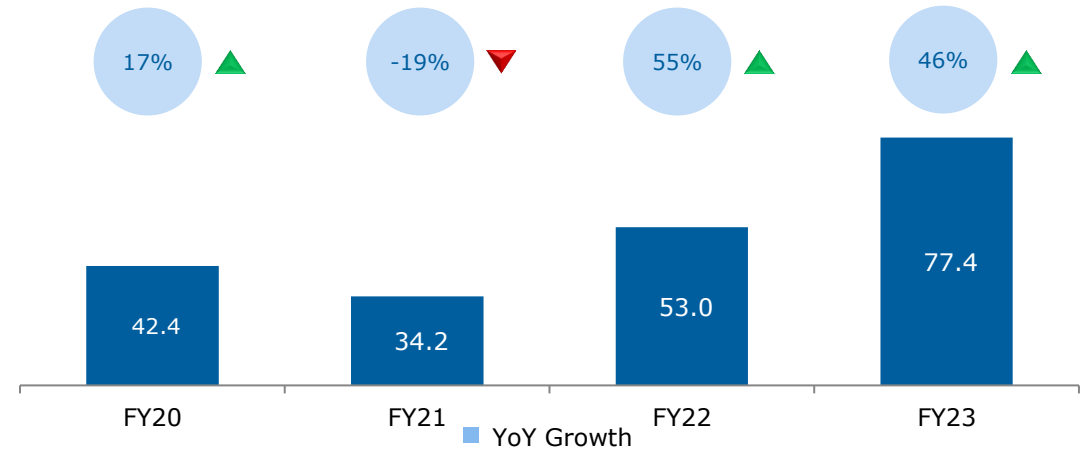


Robust delivery across key metrics (1/2)

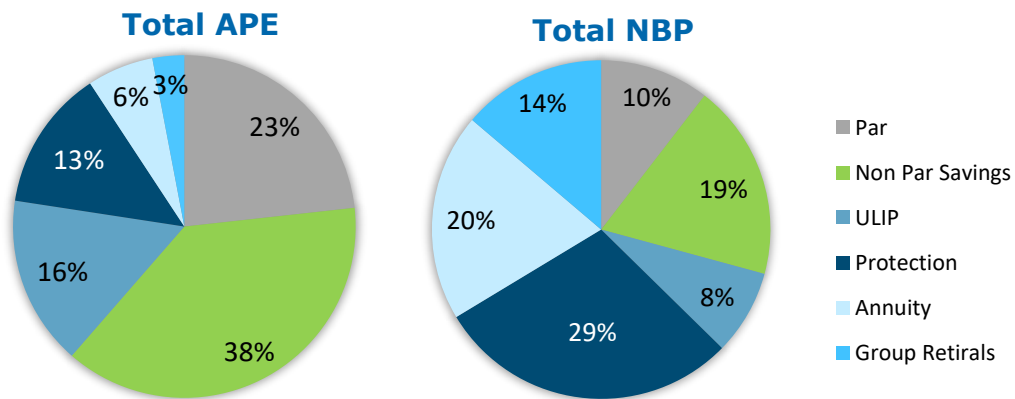
Sustained performance



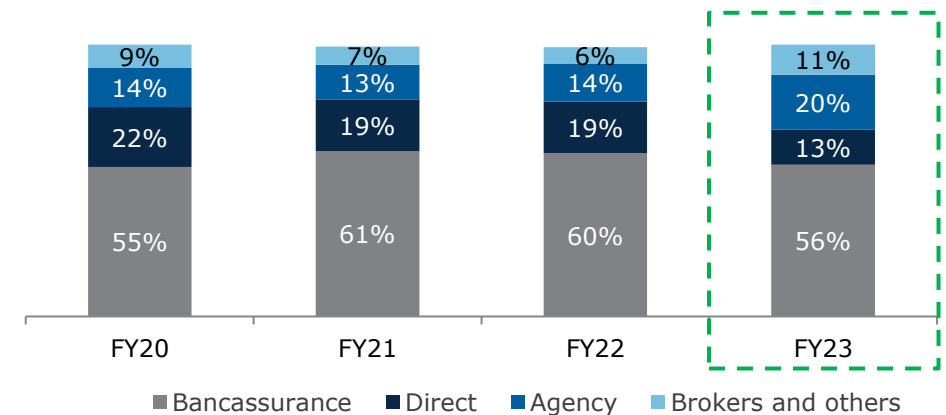
Strong CP volumes on the back of higher disbursements¹ Rs bn



Balanced product mix



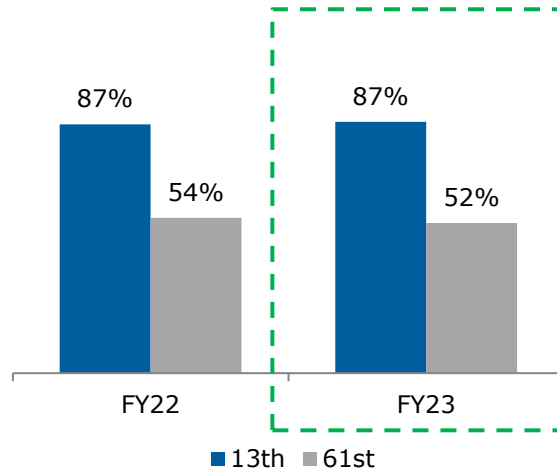
Focus on diversified channel mix²



1. Based on Credit Protect new business premium 2. Based on Individual APE
 * FY23 growth numbers have been computed after factoring in Exide Life WRP in previous year

Robust delivery across key metrics (2/2)

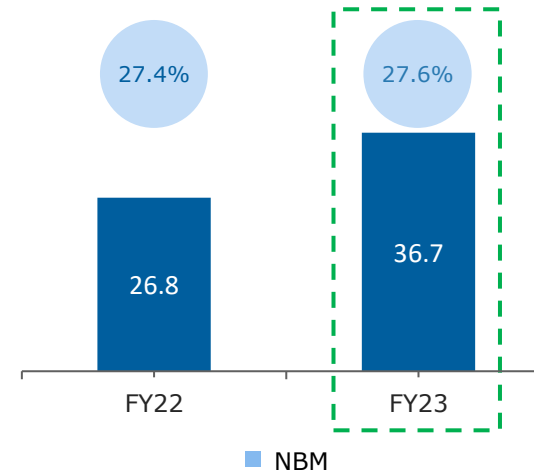
Stable Persistency¹



- Focus on quality of business and providing superior customer experience

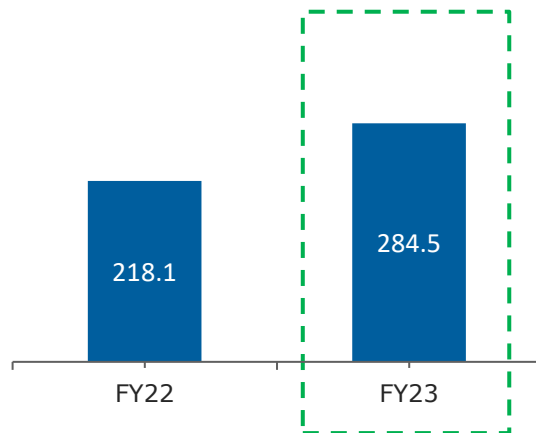
NBM neutrality achieved ahead of expectations²

Rs bn



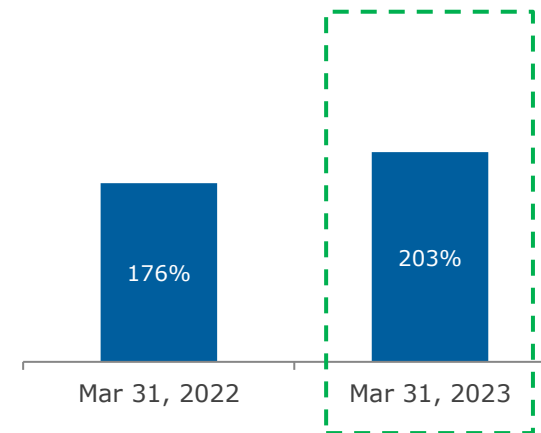
- Multiple pools of profitability contributing to VNB accretion
- VNB growth of 37% over FY22

Strong growth in renewal premium²



- Backed by strong persistency and growing backbook

Healthy solvency position²



- Healthy solvency margin of 203% - well above regulatory requirement

1. For individual business; Excluding single premium and fully paid up policies. Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior year is not comparable
 2. Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior year is not comparable

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Life insurance in India



Key elements of our strategy

1



Profitable growth

Ensuring **sustainable and profitable growth** by identifying and tapping new profit pools

2



Diversified distribution mix

Developing **multiple channels** of growth to drive need-based selling & **deepening penetration**

3



Customer first

Creating superior **product** propositions and **customer journeys**, through consistent **innovation**

4



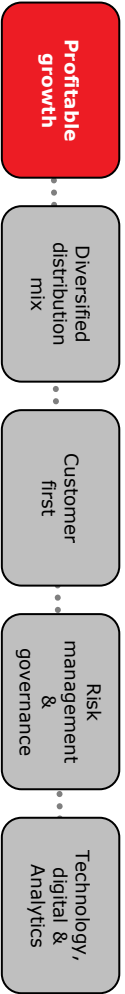
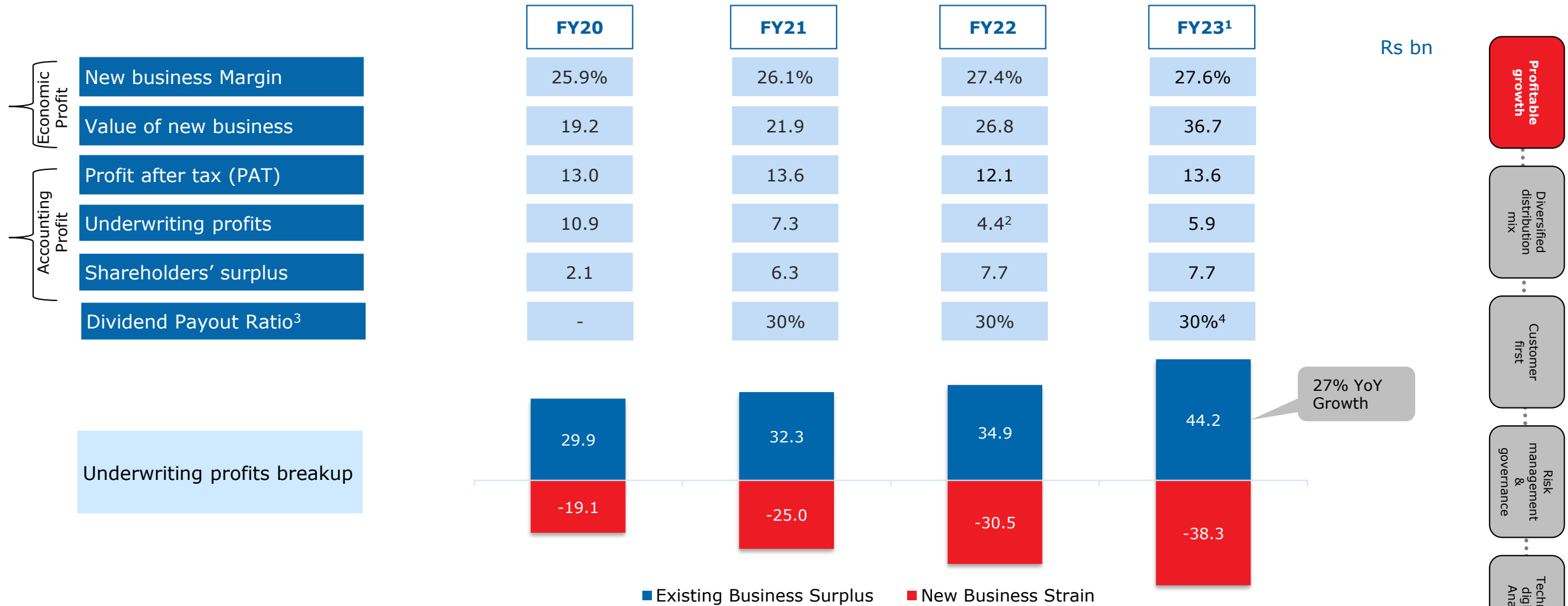
Risk management & board governance

Maintaining focus on **risk management** guided by an **independent and competent Board**

5

Future ready organisation: Leveraging technology, digital and analytics

Focus on profitable growth

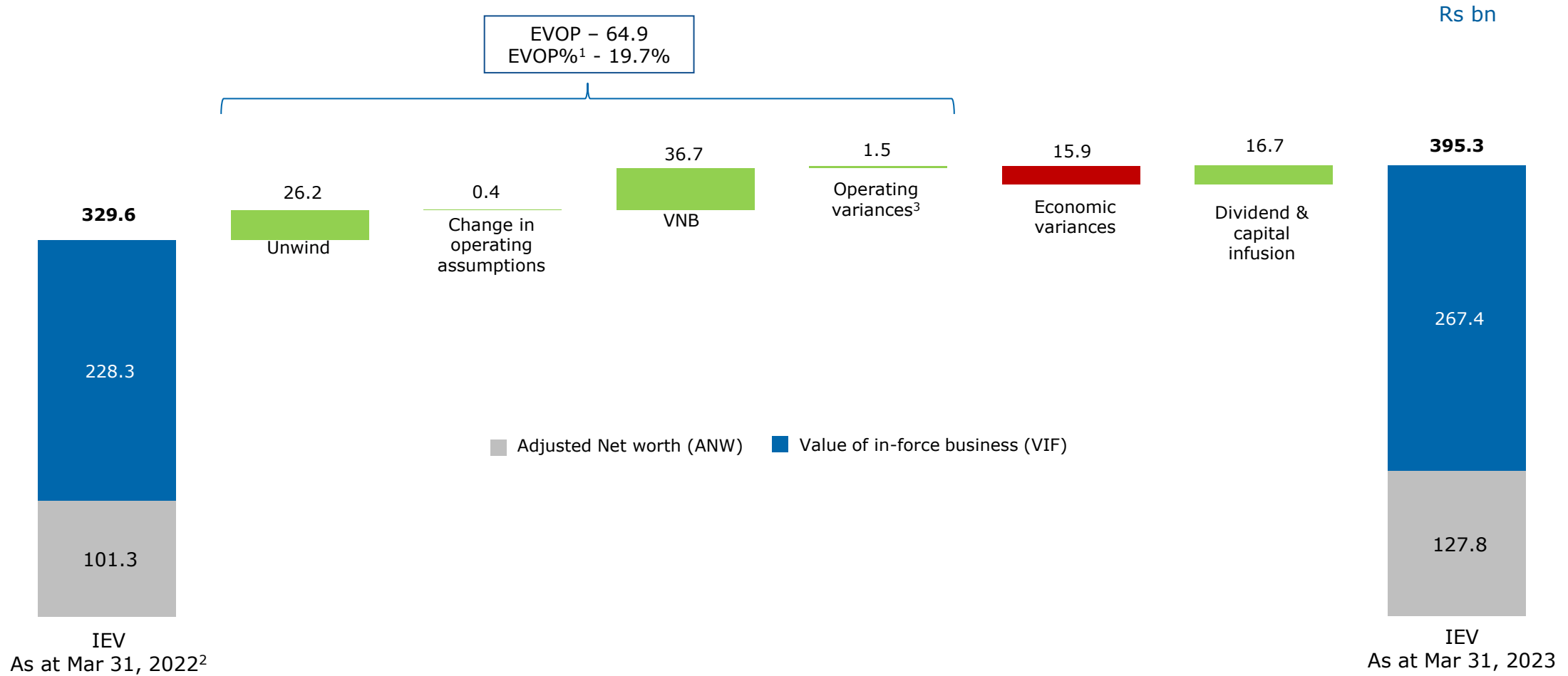


Consistent dividend payout ratio of ~30% since FY17*

1. Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior years are not comparable
 2. Post accounting for impact of excess mortality reserve (EMR)
 3. Calculated as dividend paid divided by PAT. No dividend declared for FY20, in line with IRDAI circular to conserve capital.
 4. Subject to shareholder approval
 * Except in FY20 where no dividend was declared due to the pandemic as directed by the regulator



Analysis of change in IEV



- Profitable growth
- Diversified distribution mix
- Customer first
- Risk management & governance
- Technology, digital & Analytics

Operating variance continues to be positive and in line with our assumptions

Note: HDFC Life EV reviewed by Milliman Advisors LLP

1. EVOP% calculated as annualised EVOP (Embedded Value Operating Profit) to Opening EV
2. Opening IEV as at Mar 31, 2022 includes Exide Life EV
3. Operating Variance split as on March 31, 2023: Mortality variance: 0.2, Persistency variance and others: 1.1, Expenses: 0.3



Diversified distribution enabled by multiple levers

Proprietary¹



~1.8L Agents



~500 Branches
48 Digital Branches²



www.hdfclife.com
HDFC Life App



Group, Pension & International Business



NPS Corporates



Group Annuity (MPH/CA)
160+ Superannuation Funds



Rep Office - NRI

Banks, NBFCs, SFBs and Other CAs



Brokers, Aggregators & New Ecosystems



1. Proprietary channels include Agency, Direct and Online
2. Digital Branches: Virtual branch for servicing customer requests remotely through dedicated app and webpage

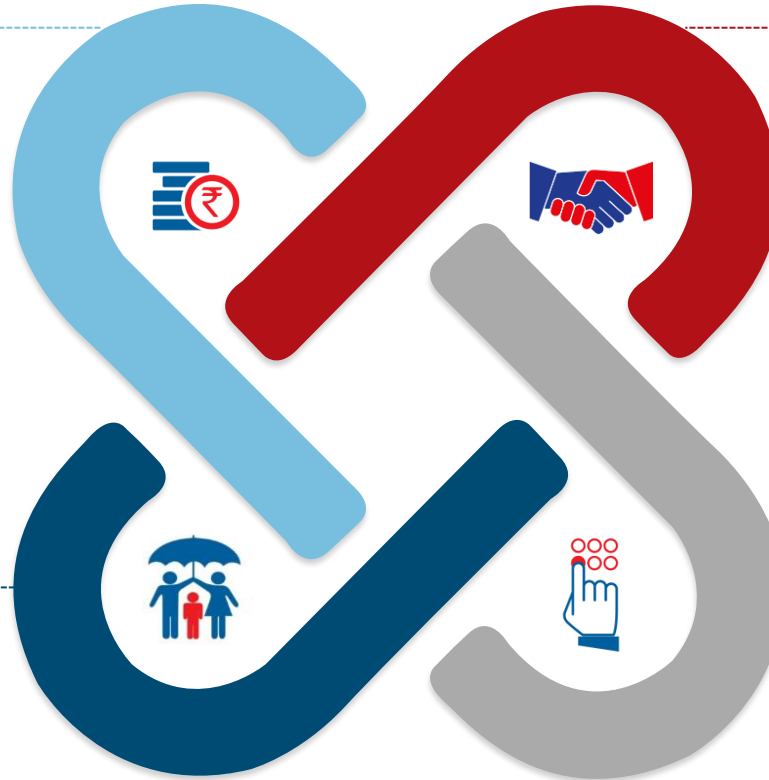
Diversified distribution mix growth strategy

Agency

- Segregating **Growth (tier 1)** and **Focus (tier 2,3)** markets
- Developing **micro market** strategy
- Acquisition of Exide Life **strengthened presence in South India**, especially in tier 2 and 3 markets

Bancassurance

- Increasing **penetration** across all customer segments
- HDFC Bank: Expanding in **SURU (Semi-urban and rural) markets**
- Sharper focus on cross-sell and up-sell to existing customers

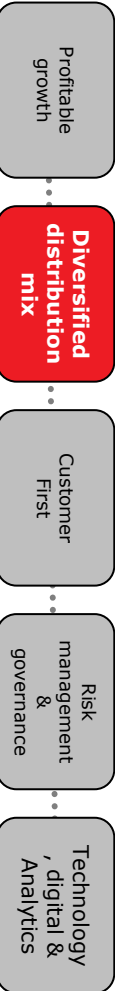


Other Key Alliances

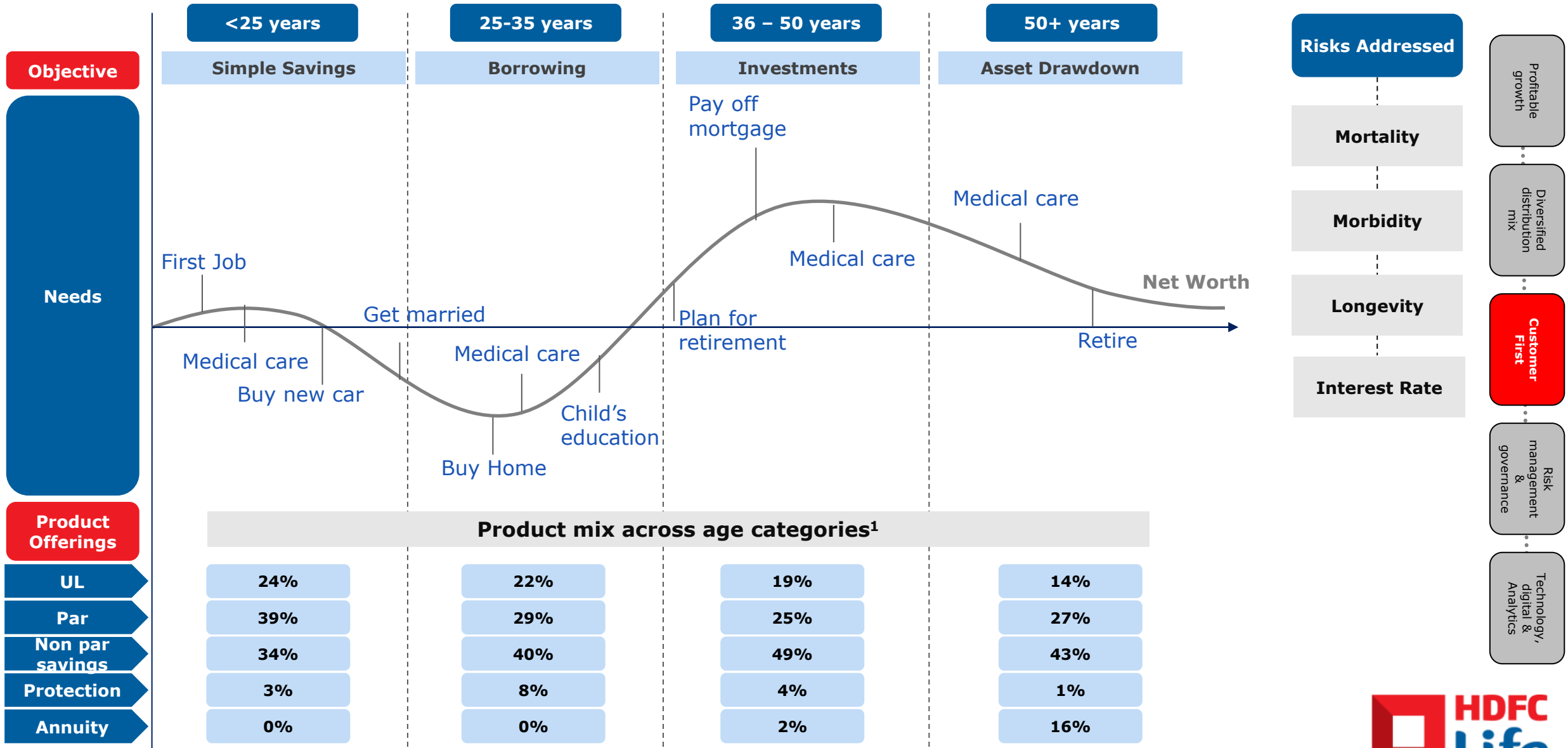
- Gained significant experience of working in multi-tie
- **New tie-ups** with partners like Indian Post Payments Bank, AU Small Finance Bank allows **entry into new market segments**
- **Strong growth momentum** across multiple partners

Direct/ Digital

- Leveraging analytics for **cross-sell/upsell**
- **Simplifying and personalizing journey** to offer better experience and attract younger customers
- Partnering with start-ups through Futurance program



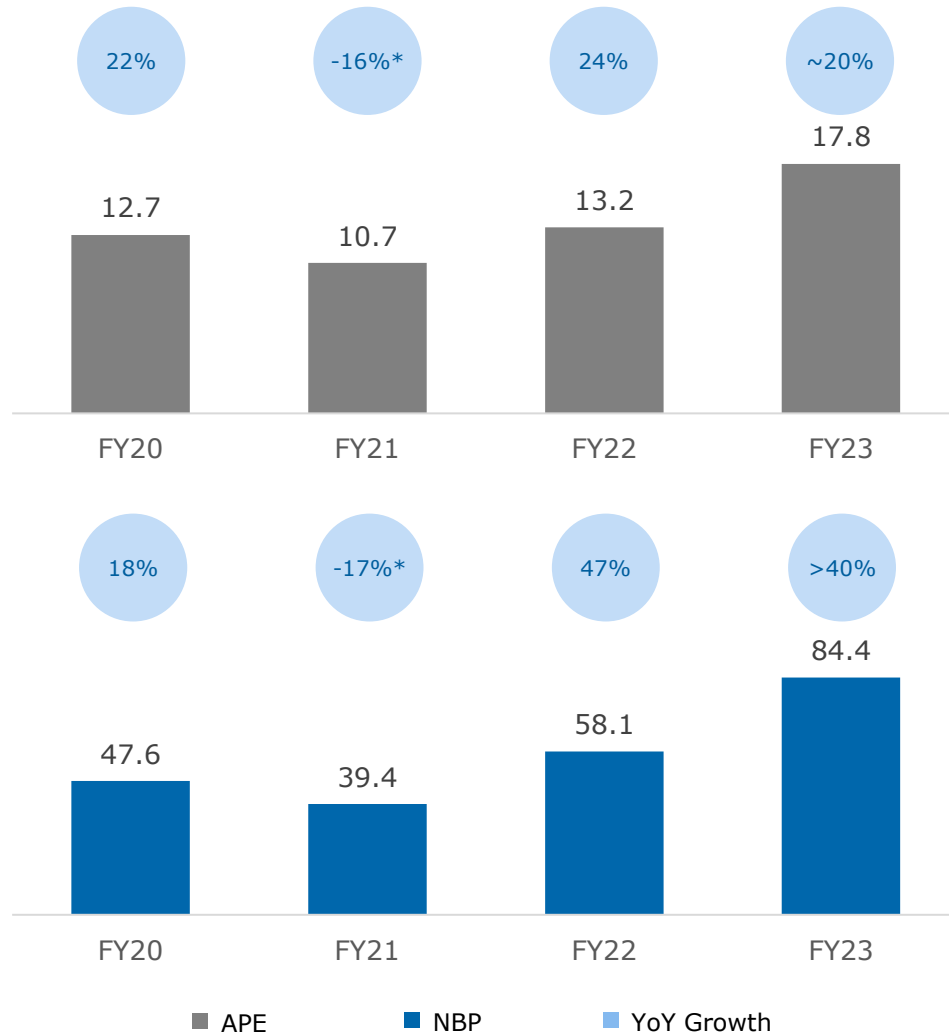
Addressing customer needs at every stage of life



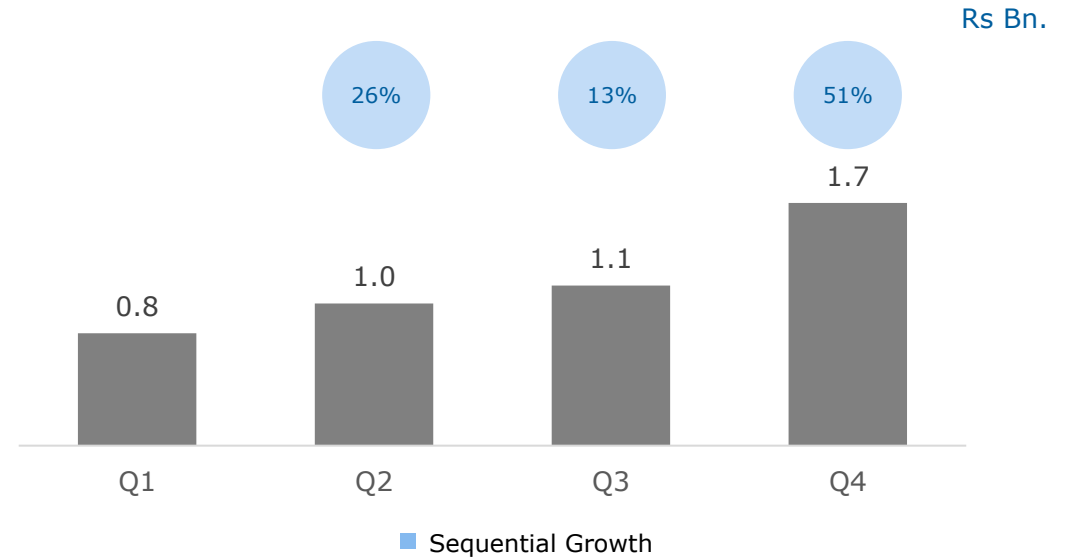
1. Based on Individual APE for FY23; Percentages may not add up due to rounding off effect.

Focus on protection

Protection (Individual + Group) trends



FY23 Retail protection growth trend



- Offering embedded protection solutions based on customer orientation
- Sequential QoQ growth continued in retail protection
- >40% YoY growth in Q4 FY23; >35% growth in NoPs
- Branch activation has increased by >50% YoY in HDFC Bank during Q4 FY23



* Growth has been negative on account of supply side constraints during Covid and stricter underwriting norms

Product mix across key channels¹

	Segment	FY21	FY22	FY23
Banca²	UL	27%	29%	24%
	Par	37%	33%	27%
	Non par savings	30%	33%	42%
	Term	4%	4%	3%
	Annuity	2%	2%	4%
Direct/ Online³	UL	33%	33%	27%
	Par	10%	10%	13%
	Non par savings	22%	28%	35%
	Term	15%	9%	5%
	Annuity	20%	20%	20%

	Segment	FY21	FY22	FY23
Agency	UL	10%	16%	10%
	Par	37%	33%	33%
	Non par savings	39%	39%	49%
	Term	11%	10%	6%
	Annuity	3%	3%	3%
Brokers	UL	1%	1%	1%
	Par	53%	44%	31%
	Non par savings	42%	42%	62%
	Term	4%	11%	5%
	Annuity	0%	1%	2%

	Segment	FY21	FY22	FY23	11M FY23
Company	UL	24%	26%	19%	21%
	Par	34%	30%	27%	29%
	Non par savings	31%	33%	45%	40%
	Term	7%	6%	4%	4%
	Annuity	5%	5%	5%	6%

~1/3rd of non par savings business with policy term <=10 years in FY 23

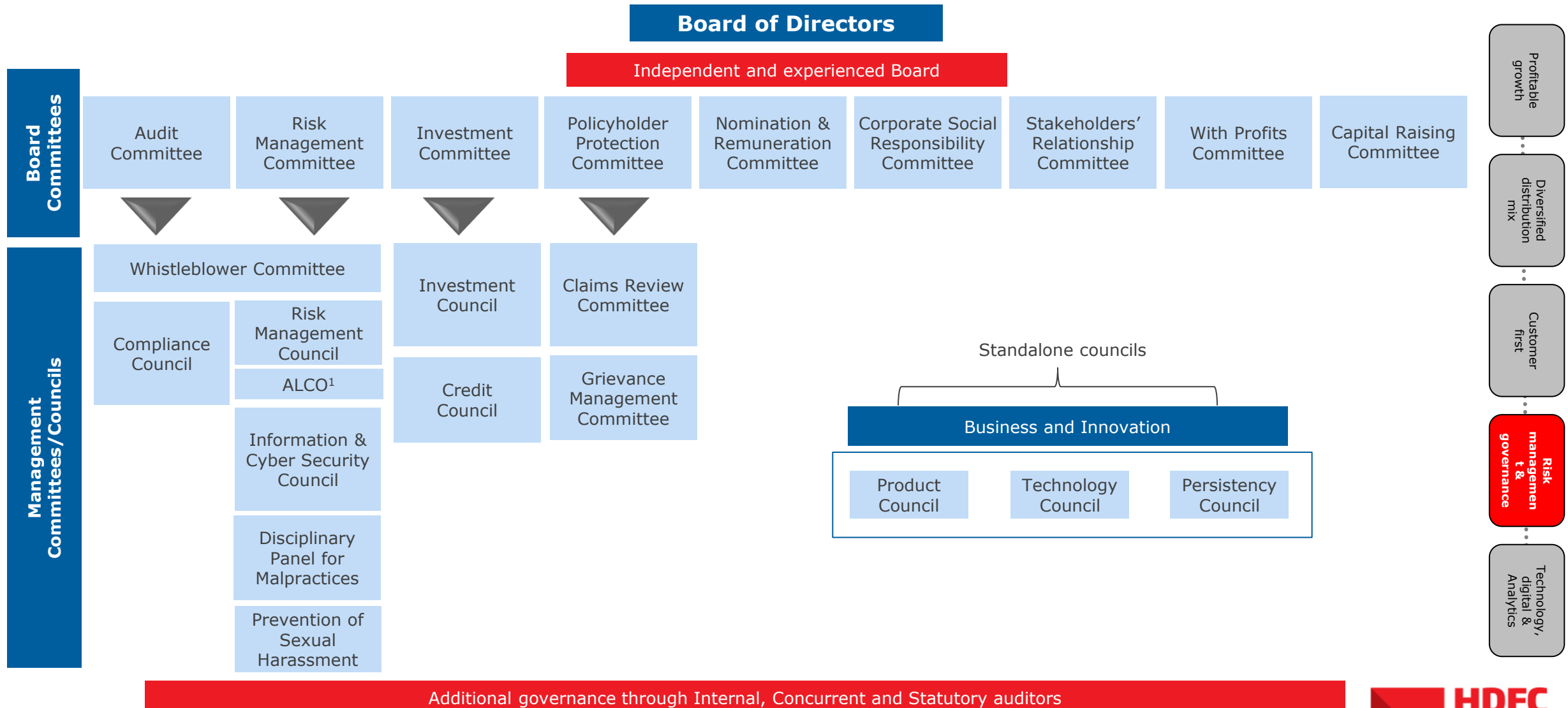
	FY21	FY22	FY23	
Protection	Based on Total APE	13%	14%	13%
	Based on NBP	20%	24%	29%

	FY21	FY22	FY23	
Annuity	Based on Total APE	5%	5%	6%
	Based on NBP	20%	20%	20%



1. Based on Individual APE, Term includes health business. Percentages are rounded off. Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior years are not comparable
 2. Includes banks, other corporate agents and online business sourced through banks / corporate agents
 3. Includes business sourced through own website and web aggregators

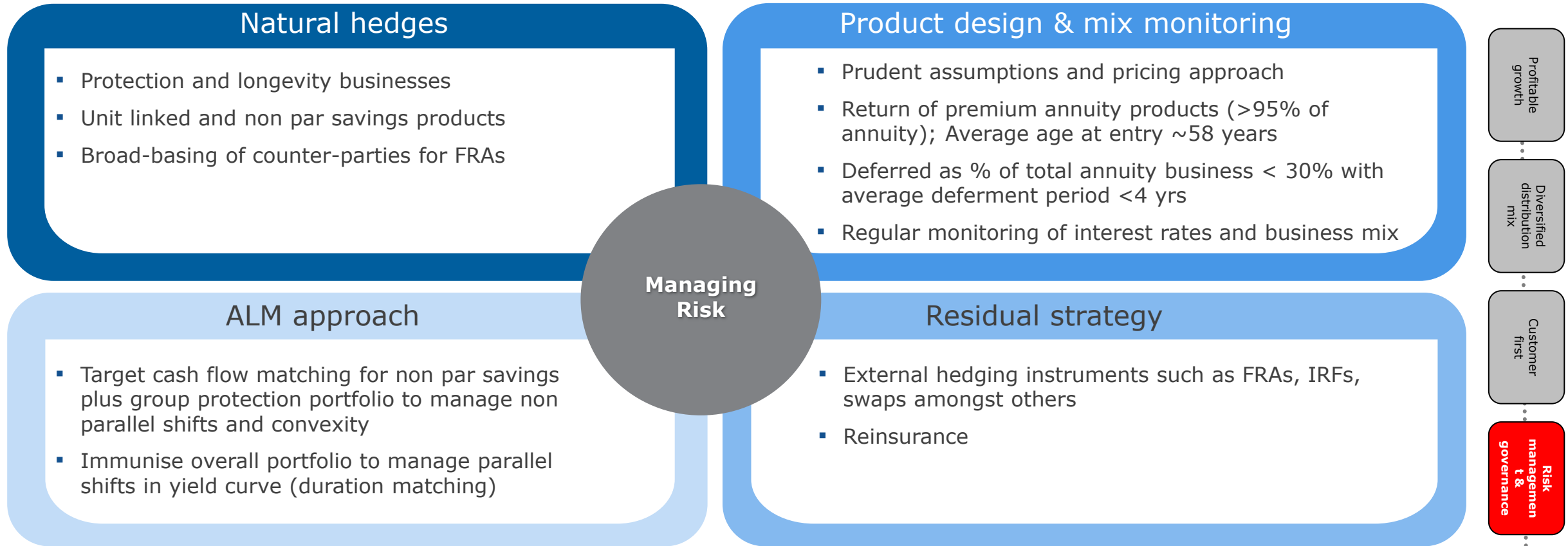
Governance framework



Note:

1. Asset Liability Management Council
2. The above list of committees is illustrative and not exhaustive

Financial risk management framework

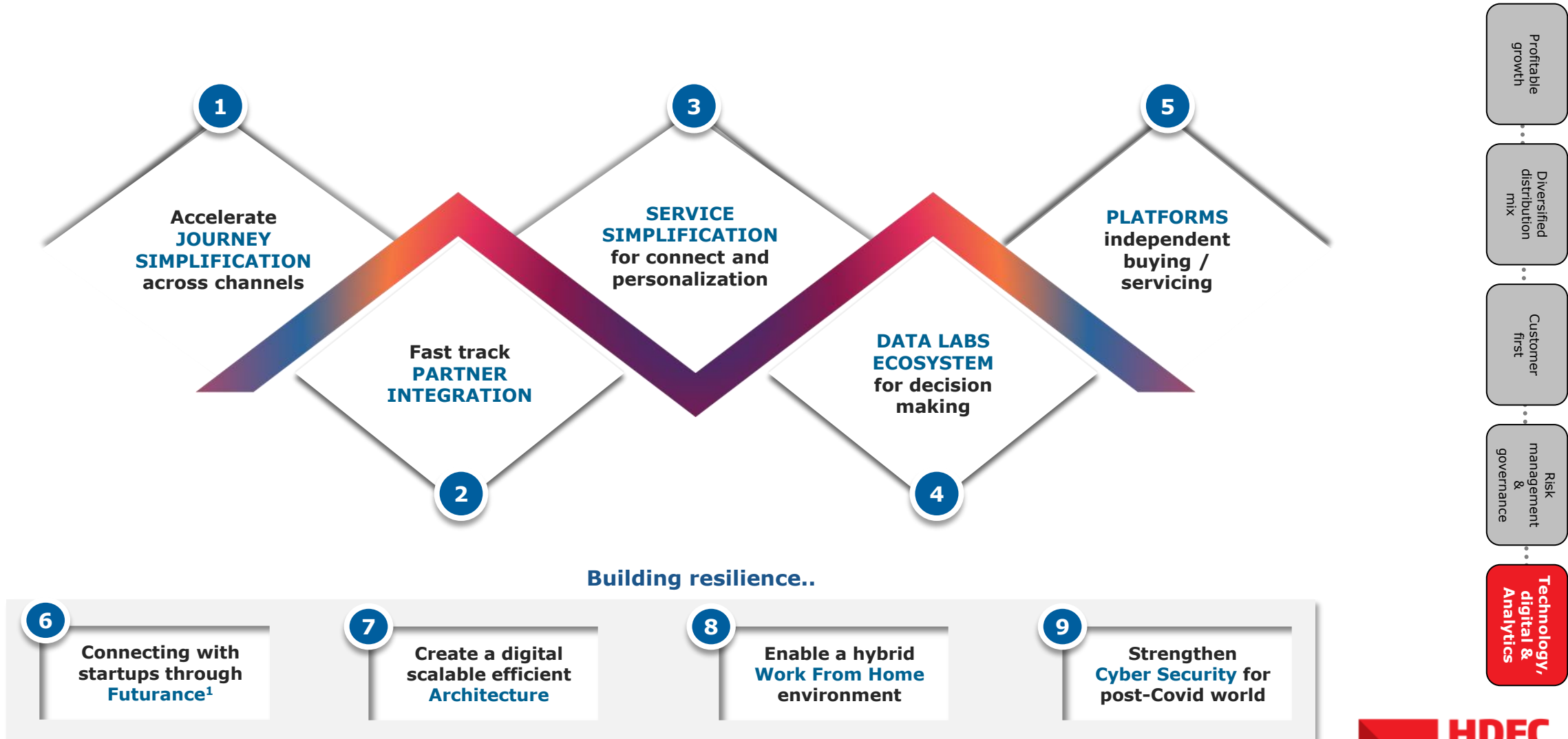


Sensitivity	FY22				FY23			
	Overall		Non par ¹		Overall		Non par ¹	
	EV	VNB Margin	EV	VNB Margin	EV	VNB Margin	EV	VNB Margin
Interest Rate +1%	(2.0%)	(1.4%)	(2.1%)	(2.5%)	(2.4%)	(1.5%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)
Interest Rate -1%	1.6%	0.8%	1.4%	1.5%	2.1%	0.7%	1.4%	0.9%

Sensitivity remains range-bound on the back of calibrated risk management

1. Comprises Non par savings (incl Annuity) plus Protection

Aligned to make life simpler for customers



1. Futurance: A program to collaborate with startups for harnessing cutting-edge technology

Journey Simplification

Enhancing customer journeys across touchpoints

Enhanced customer onboarding



Quote Engine

- Offline premium calculator factoring in customer needs
- Quote generation
- Pre sales module enabled with product insights



Pre-underwriting

- Check customer eligibility- Maximum Cover (SA), medical requirements
- Customer details- Name, DOB, gender, contact no, KYC & professional background



Financial & CKYC doc collection

- Pull docs before creating application
- Integrations with Account Aggregator, ITR, CKYC services for easy doc collection
- Docs auto-submitted post application submission

Enabling seamless payout journey



Simplified journey

- Link shared with the customer through SMS, WhatsApp & email
- Generic & Personalized link option
- Prefilled form with customer details



Paperless journey

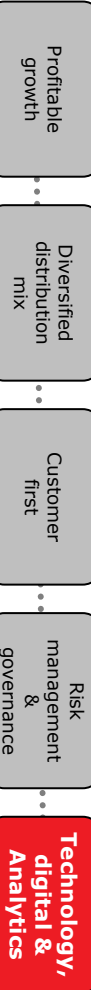
- Auto KYC knock off
- Auto PAN validation
- OCR enabled for documents (if customer unable to go the paperless route)



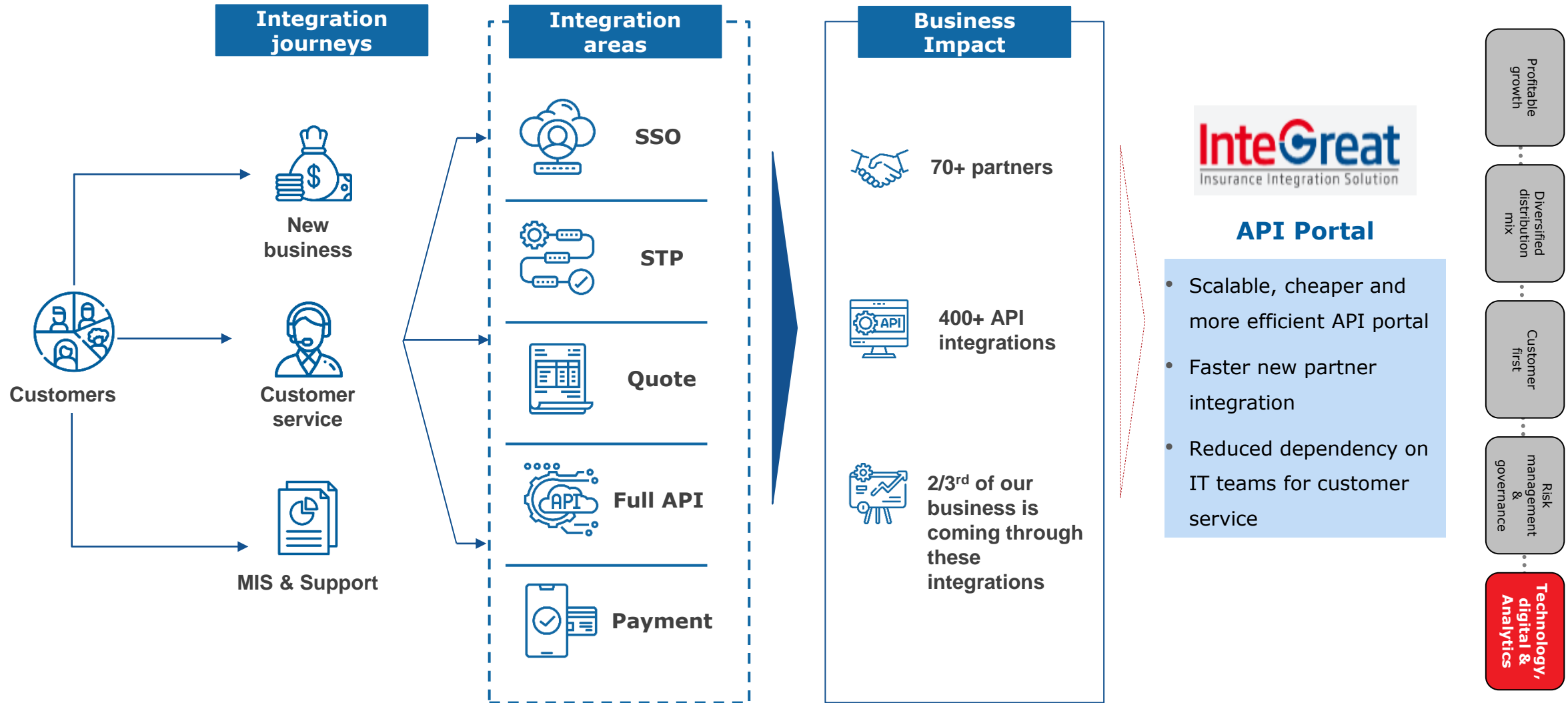
Authentication for risk

- OTP based customer authentication
- Real time penny drop for Bank Account authentication

Simplifying customer journeys both at policy purchasing and also at servicing stages

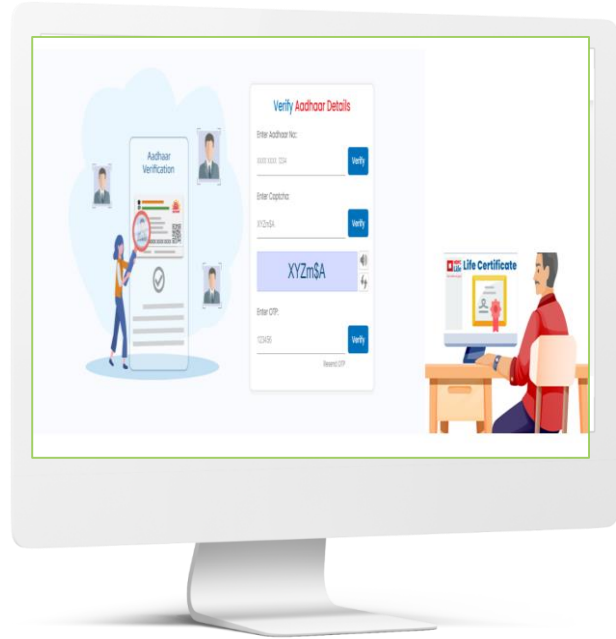


Partner integration



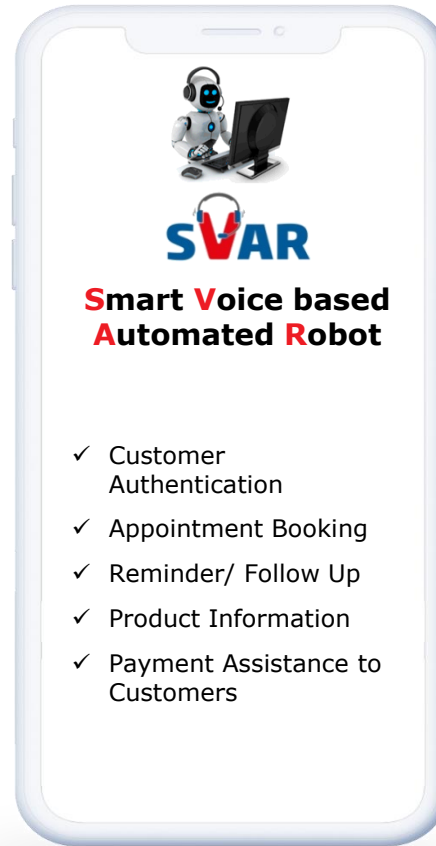
API- Application Programming Interface
 SSO- Single-sign On
 STP- Straight-through Processing
 D2C- Direct to Consumer

Service simplification



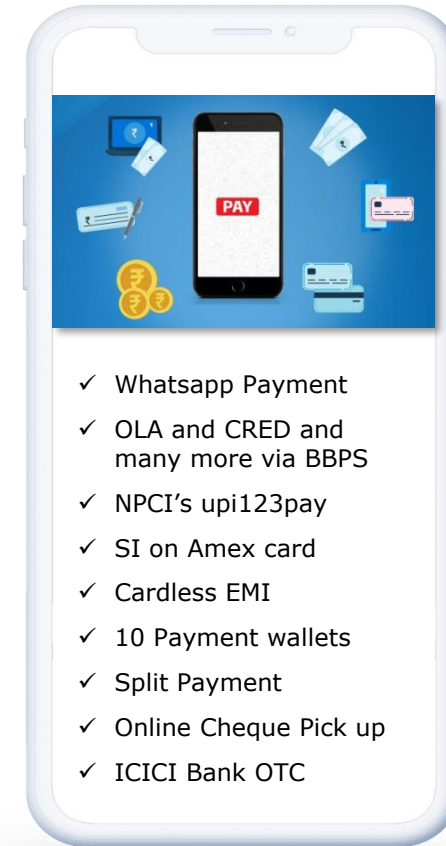
Digital Life Certificate

Online platform to submit Life certificate anywhere-anytime with inbuilt face recognition & Aadhar based authentication



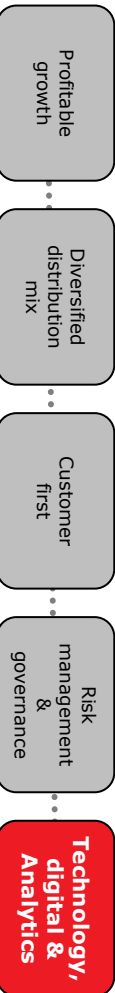
SVAR

Voice assisted journey for renewal collection
13% collection of target base



Payment Avenues

Expansion of Payment Avenues continues along with Auto Pay options leading to 97% Digital collections



Data Labs

CP to Retail propensity model

Model that provides Cross-sell propensity for CP customers to buy retail policy



Agent hyper-personalization model

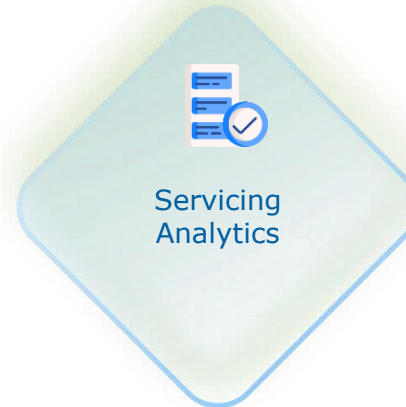
Model that effectively segment agents in the channel & personalizes their experience

Withdrawal aversion model

Model to predict customer withdrawal at New Business stage & avert withdrawal

Productivity model

Model to increase activation of financial consultants by focusing on important sales parameters



Early Reminder Calling model for persistency improvement

Model to efficiently allocate customer leads to call centers and increase renewals

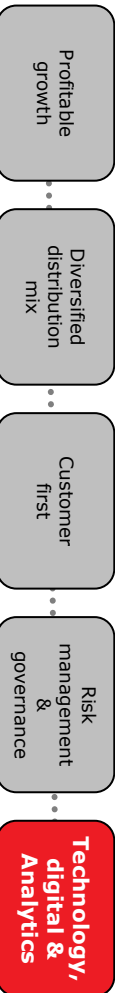
Pension CRM

Computer Vision based solution to record customer details & track sales funnel end to end



Speech Analytics

AI powered solution to generate insights & measure adherence to quality standards to improve customer experience & drive persistency



Emerging Technology: CX & Inspire

Customer Experience Transformation & Technology Transformation



CX Transformation

INSPIRE

Technology Transformation

1



Customer Satisfaction

- Improved journeys for Customers, Partners and Employees
- Omnichannel Experience
- Simple Communication
- Easy documentation

2



Business Benefits

- Better Retention
- Higher Cross Sell
- Profitability
- Improved Productivity
- Staff engagement

3



Agility

- Faster product launch
- Easy partner onboarding
- Quick business decisions
- Segmented services
- Scalable and flexible infrastructure

4



Deeper Insights

- Improved Risk Appetite
- OTC Service
- Customer Nudges
- Right selling
- 360 degree view
- Data Enrichment

Profitable growth

Diversified distribution mix

Customer first

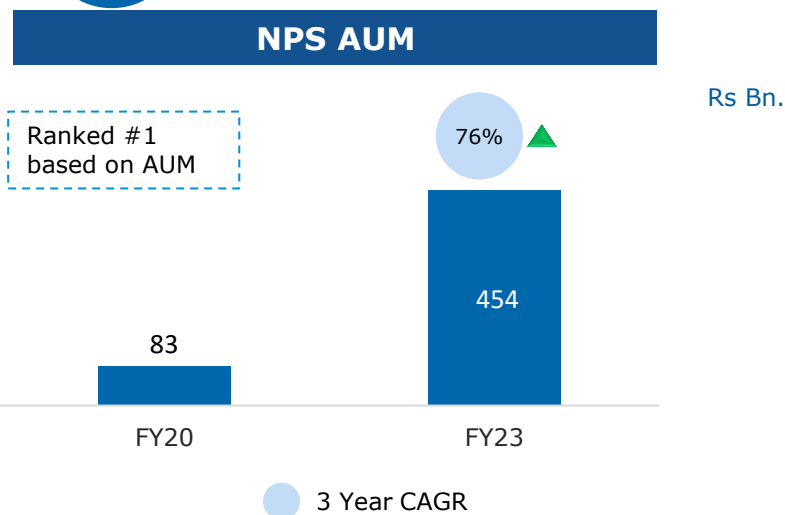
Risk management & governance

Technology, digital & Analytics

Performance of wholly-owned subsidiary¹ companies



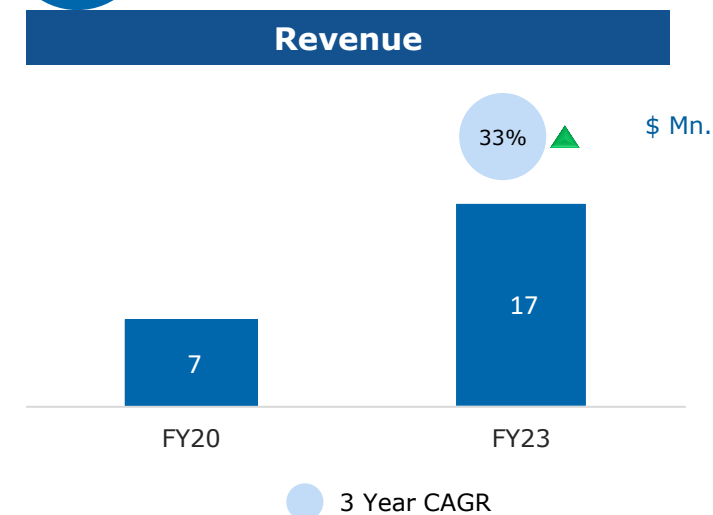
HDFC Pension



- HDFC Pension continues to be the largest PFM (Pension Fund Manager) in Retail and Corporate NPS AUM segment
- Fastest growing PFM (Pension Fund Manager) under the NPS architecture (YoY growth of ~60% in AUM)
- Market share grew from 36.9% in Mar'22 to 41.2% in Mar'23 amongst all PFMs- doubled over the course of the year
- 15 lakh+ subscriber base. 31% growth YoY over March'22



HDFC International



- Registered 10% YoY growth in GWP in FY 22-23, at \$17.22 million
- HDFC International has received the final approval from the concerned regulatory authority, enabling us to establish a branch in GIFT City
 - New opportunities to expand our global presence
 - Target to commence operations in Q1 FY24

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Life insurance in India

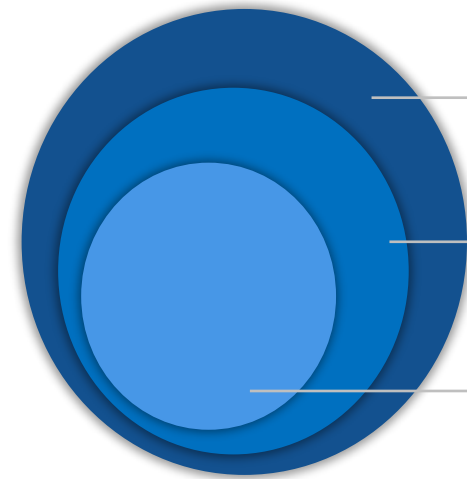


Reasons for buying insurance – Tax as a reason has declined

Top reasons to buy life insurance ¹

	2019 rank	2013 rank
Protect family in case of death	1	1
To secure child's education/marriage	2	2
Old age security/retirement	3	3
For disciplined saving	4	8
Good returns	5	4
Safe investment option	6	7
Additional investment option	7	4
Dual benefit of investment and insurance	8	9
Tax Saving	9	4
To meet additional life cover	10	10

Customer behaviour / trend ²



- Macro-level**
Economy
 - State of the economy
 - Stock market
- Individual-level**
Customer
 - Age
 - Income
 - Risk appetite
- Micro-level**
Product specifics
 - Guaranteed returns with add-ons/ riders
 - Enables diversification

- Major reasons to buy life insurance continue to be protection for family, securing child's needs and retirement planning
- Tax saving is the 9th reason to buy life Insurance, compared to 4th in 2013
- Share of >2.5 lakh ATS has increased from ~15% to >20% within ULIP business in the last 3 years (despite tax being applicable in that category in the last 2 years)

Customer insights – Women policyholders & distributors



Customers

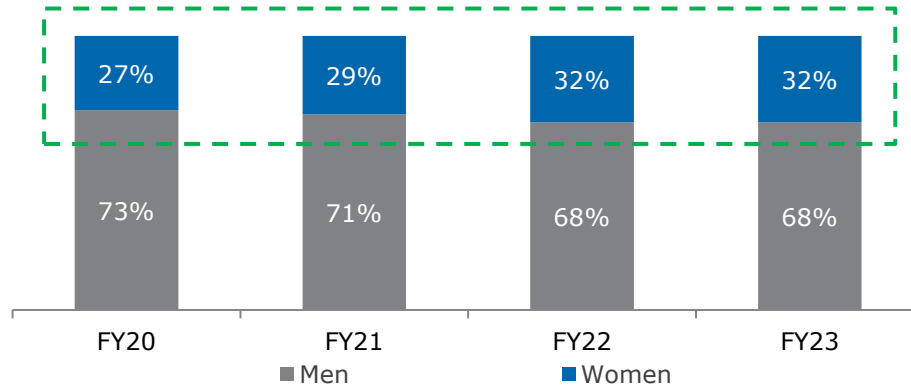
- 3-year APE CAGR for women customers vs men: **27%** vs **19%**
- Women constitute **~30%** of policyholders, an increase of 7 percentage points over past 4 years
- Persistency for female customers is higher by 200-500 bps across cohorts compared to male customers



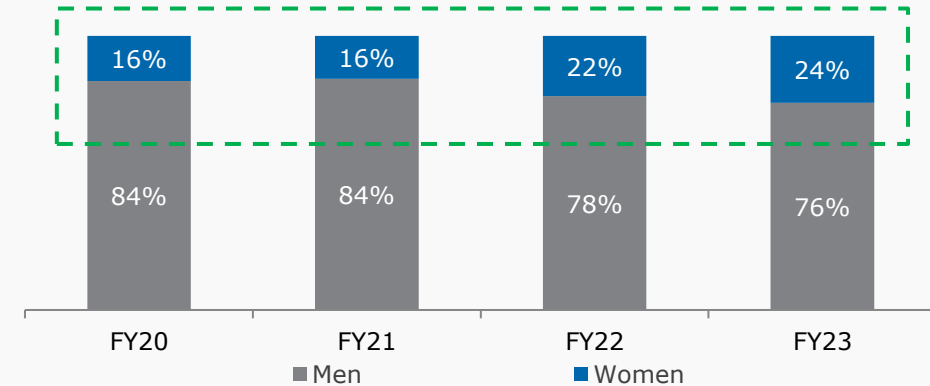
Distribution

- 3-year CAGR for APE sourced by women vs men agents: **30%** vs **10%**
- Women constitute **~30%** of total agents of HDFC Life vs 29% for the industry¹
- Persistency for female agents is higher across cohorts compared to male agents

% of APE sold to customers



% of APE sourced by distributors



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ESG at a Glance

ESG Focus Areas



ESG Score Highlight: Highest rated Indian insurance company in the ESG assessment by a leading ratings agency (Continuous improvement in score for five consecutive years)

Ethical Conduct & Governance

Leadership Oversight on ESG

- Board CSR Committee renamed as **CSR and ESG Committee** and Terms of Reference enhanced to include oversight of ESG issues
- **ESG Management Committee**, led by the Chief Financial Officer oversees the policy implementation and operational controls for environmental risks including Climate change
- Performance Management based on the principles of **Balanced Scorecard**; covers the Organization's performance on financial, market / customer, people, **sustainability** and operational aspects.

Governance Structure

Board Composition

- **Five** Independent Directors
- **Three** Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors

Board Diversity

- **30%** women as on 31st March, 2023

Remuneration Policy

- Seeks to balance the fixed and incentive pay
- **ESOPs** based on the recommendations of NRC
- **Clawback & Malus provision**



Risk Management

- Risk oversight by Senior Management & Board of Directors vide **Risk Management Council** and **Risk Management Committee** respectively
- Modes of Risk Awareness - Trainings, E-mailers, Seminars, Conferences, Quizzes and Special awareness Drives
- Business Continuity Management (**BCM**)-Recovery plan for critical business activities in place
- Enterprise Risk Management (**ERM**) framework
 - 'Three Lines of Defense approach'
 - Reviewed and approved by the Board
- ESG risks including Climate change, etc. included under **Emerging risks** category of the ERM Framework
- **Materiality Assessment** conducted as per GRI guidelines

Ethical Conduct & Governance (contd.)

Information / Cybersecurity

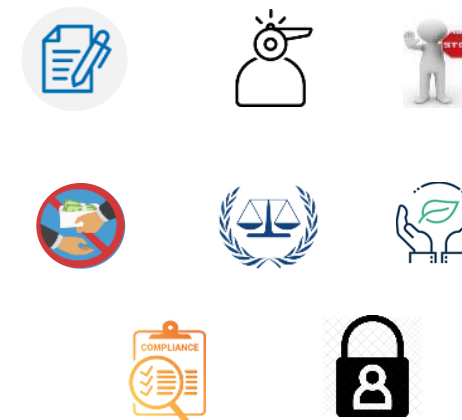
- Risk oversight by Board **Risk Management Committee** and risks reporting done on a quarterly basis
- Modes of Risk Awareness –
 - Annual mandatory training for all employees
 - Security workshops and case study discussions
 - Specially curated programs and sessions for senior leadership
 - Monthly awareness mailers
 - Security posters and leaflets
 - Phishing Simulation Campaigns
- Dedicated helpdesk and email id's for reporting on the breaches
- Certifications & Frameworks –
 - **ISO 27001** standards
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology (**NIST**)
 - Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (**FFIEC**) based Cyber Security Framework for Risk Assessment

Policies and Frameworks

- Anti-bribery & Anti-corruption Policy
- Anti Money Laundering (AML) Policy
- Board Diversity Policy
- Code of Conduct
- Corporate Governance Policy
- Data Privacy Policy
- Investor Grievance Policy
- Responsible Investment (RI) Policy
- Stewardship Policy
- Tax Policy
- Whistleblower Policy

- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy
- Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) Policy
- Human Rights Policy
- Policy for Prevention and Redressal of Sexual Harassment (PRSH)
- Supplier Code of Conduct

- Environment and Climate Change Policy



Responsible Investment

Responsible Investment Policy



Objective

To generate optimal risk adjusted returns over the long term



RI framework

- **RI and stewardship policy** in place
- Applicable to all **major asset classes**
- **Head of Research** ensures that ESG is incorporated into overall Research and Investment process
- ESG issues covered **in voting process**

Asset classes covered under RI

- Equity and equity related securities
- Alternate Investment Funds (AIFs)
- Investment Trusts
- Corporate Bonds

Responsible Investment Governance

A **ESG Governance Committee** at the investment team level comprises of Chief Investment Officer, Head of Fixed Income, Head of Research, Fund Manager of ESG Fund and dedicated ESG research analyst

Sustainable Equity Fund

What is Sustainable Equity fund & why invest in it?

This fund shall seek to generate returns from investing in companies with high ESG standards and commensurate score, create value for all stakeholders with lower risks & generate sustainable long-term returns.

Exclusion criteria included in the RI Policy

Companies engaged in the business of tobacco, alcohol, controversial weapons and gambling shall be excluded from the Sustainable Equity Fund

Exclusion criteria aligned with the exclusion policy followed by Nifty 100 ESG Index

Bolstering commitment towards Responsible Investment

Became signatory to **United Nations – supported Principles for Responsible Investment (UN-PRI)**



Employee Engagement & Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI)



Special Recognition

- **Great Places to Work** – 39th amongst top 100 Best Places
- **Best workplaces for Women 2021** – Great Place to Work Institute
- **Avatar top 100 Places**
- **Best Workplaces for Women 2021 – Economic Times**
- Brandon Hall awards - Learning Strategy, Simulation training, & Social Talent Acquisition

Attracting talent

- **Hybrid work model** and flexi hours to attract gig workers
- Robust **employee referral schemes** (>50%)
- **Hire–train–deploy** model through tie-up with reputed learning institutions
- **HR tech**: in-house application tracking system

Training & development

- **Career coaching** and development interventions; woman mentoring
- **Mobile learning** app for self-paced learning
- **Training for all** including employees, contractors, channel partners / **Virtual product training**
- **Skill Up: Curated online training** programs from reputed universities
- Average hours per FTE of training and development: **86 hours**



Employee engagement

- **Emotional and well being assistance** program for employees and their families
- **Doctor on Call**: Unlimited free consultation
- **E-Sparsh**: Online query & grievance platform
- Family integration programs
- Platform for employee engagement: CEO Speaks, HDFC Life Got Talent, e-appreciation cards
- **In-house fitness and wellness app** - Click2Wellness
- Leaders and expert sessions to create awareness on various topics of inclusion

Talent management/retention

- **Special programs for campus hires; Talent development** interventions for leadership
- **Career microsite, job portal**
- **Internal Career Fair** for employees
- Long term incentive plans in the form of **ESOPs¹** and cash to attract, retain and motivate good talent
- Elaborate **succession planning** for Key Managerial Personnel, critical senior roles
- Managers Transformation League – Leadership development program for middle management
- New Manager Boot Camp – Development program for First Time Managers

Employee diversity, equity & inclusion

- Promoting **DEI ally ship**: leadership development, communication, strengthening policies, aligning workforce through **Celebrate YOU** program of the Company
- 26% **women** employees
- Promoting **diverse talent pool** (work profiles for second career women, specially-abled) - #MyJobMyRules
- Launched official DEI page on our website highlighting various initiatives
- **Gender transition surgery** covered under mediclaim policy



Gender neutral

- **Dress code policy**
- **Maternity policy** – Use of terms like primary and secondary caregiver instead of using terms like parents, mother/father, man/woman



Holistic Living: Delivering superior customer experience

Customer Centricity

Journey simplification – frictionless sales and service



Simplifying buying journeys through **platforms** like LifeEasy (online term purchase)



Online claim processing for eligible customers via EasyClaims platform

Document simplification & elimination



OCR: Enabling digital document submission and verification



Straight through processing of maturity payouts for verified accounts

Leveraging advanced technologies for personalization and better customer experience (CX)



Cognitive bots – policy queries answered within 2-3 clicks



Personalization – Pre-approved sum assured for customers based on risk profile

Contactless services- new normal



Digital Life Certificate for collecting survival proof from senior citizens



Contactless branches by leveraging face recognition technology

Enhancing Customer Experience through our CX Program, based on 5 focus areas:

1. Enabling a customer centric culture within the Organisation
2. Creating new and simple Product propositions
3. Seamless Customer Journeys
4. Simplified Communication
5. Use of Technology and Analytics

Customer Satisfaction Score (%) as on 31st March 2023 – **89.7**

1. OCR: Optical Character Recognition

Sustainable Operations

Energy and water



- Since 2014 only **3 or 5 star rating** air – conditioners used
- > 95% of branches use total **LED lightings**
- Use of **sensor based** urinals and water taps
- Total purchase of energy from **renewable** sources: **1,64,046 kWh** during FY 2022-23
- **28** new **water purifiers** installed since FY 2021-22 to replace bottled drinking water

De-carbonization roadmap and way forward

Key initiatives & action points for FY23-24:

- **TCFD** (Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures)
- **Carbon neutrality** strategy & roadmap

Digitization - Reduction of Paper Usage

- Introduction of **E-business cards & ID cards**
- Online /**e-forms** for customers
- Annual report FY20, FY21 and FY22 digitally communicated
- **Demat** i.e. digital policy accounts for 38% of our new business

Bio-diversity

- **33 city forests** created using **Miyawaki method**. Overall **1.7 lakh** trees planted (Since 2019)



GHG inventory

- Scope 1 emissions: **63** met. ton. CO₂e
- Scope 2 emissions: **10,135** met. ton. CO₂e
- Scope 3 emissions: **746** met. ton. CO₂e

Waste management



- **7,665 Kgs of e-waste** recycled/ refurbished/disposed in FY23
- **3,067.7 Kg** of paper cups & paper disposed for recycling FY 2022-23
- **No single-use plastics**
 - Bio-degradable garbage bags
 - Cafeteria with reusable plates, cutlery, wooden stirrers etc.
 - Procurement of plastic water bottles discontinued at Pan-India locations

* All Numbers provided are estimates

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Performance Snapshot

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Our Strategy

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Customer Insights

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Our approach to ESG

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Annexures

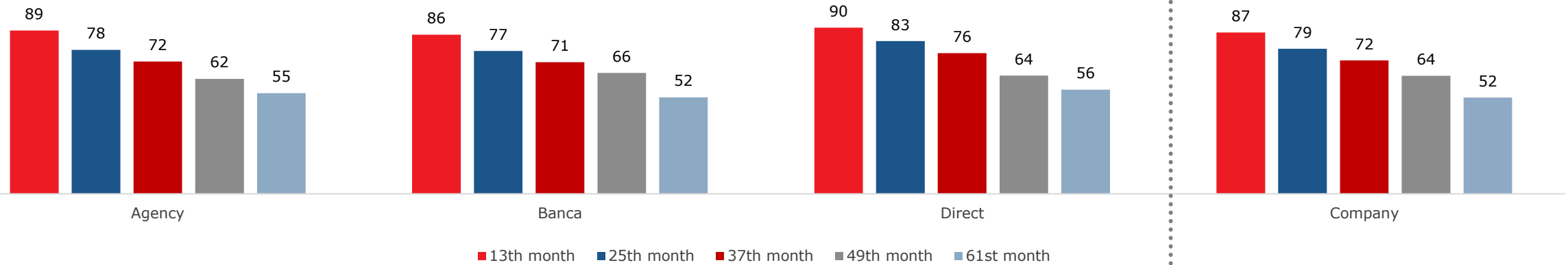
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Life insurance in India

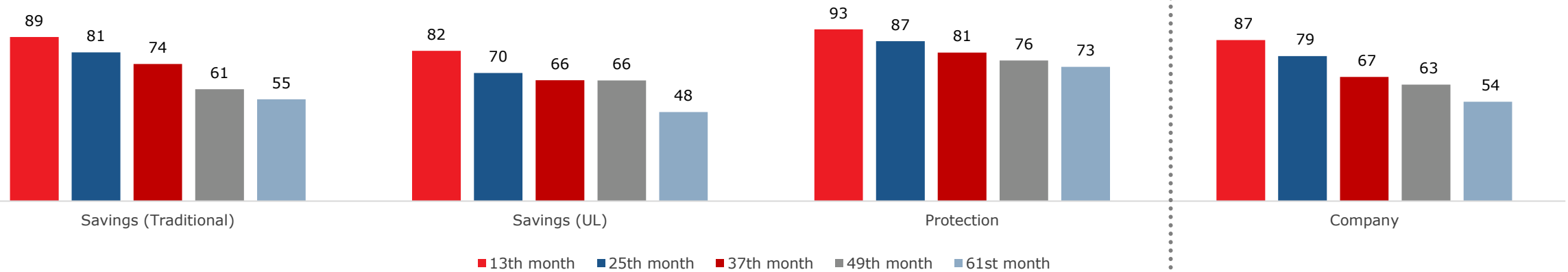


Persistency trends for HDFC Life¹

Across key channels (%)



Across key segments (%)



Improving VNB trajectory for both existing and acquired businesses

Rs bn



1. Reflects the impact of difference in mix of segment/distribution channel/tenure/age/sum assured multiple etc

* Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior year is not comparable

VNB – Value of New Business; NBM – New Business Margin



Sensitivity analysis – FY23

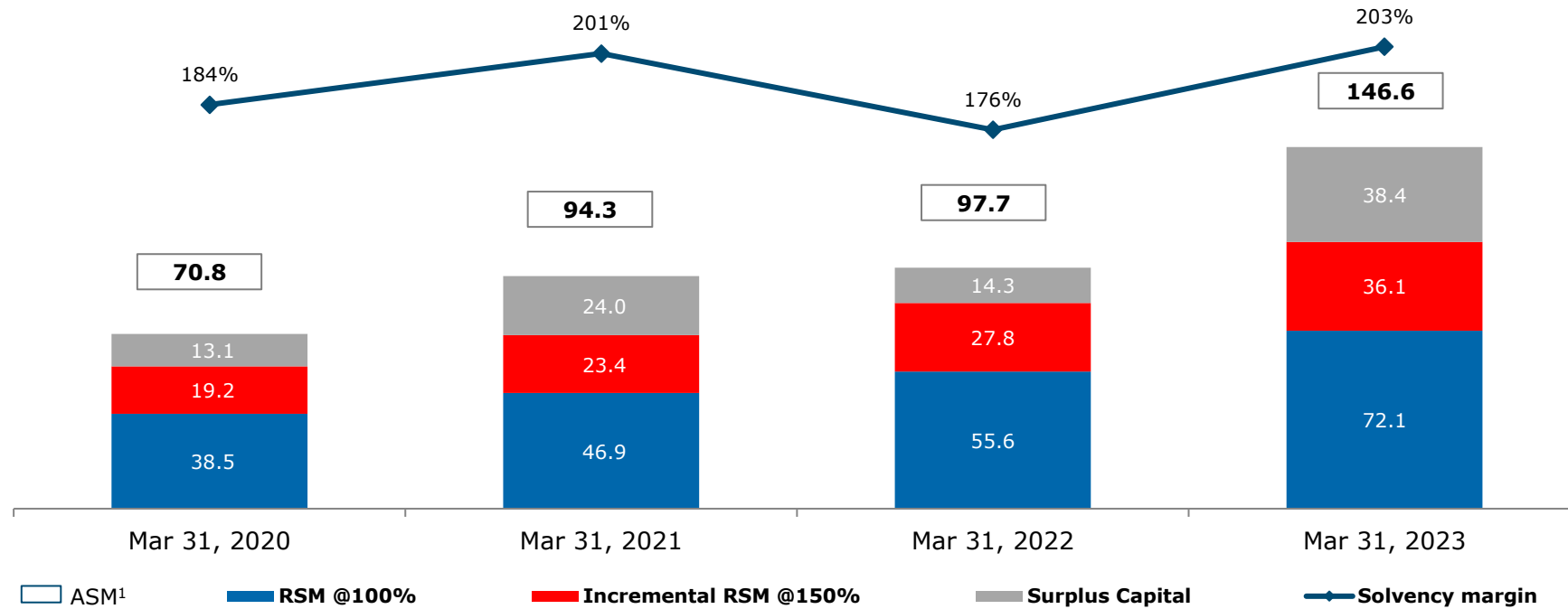
Analysis based on key metrics	Scenario	Change in VNB Margin ¹	% Change in EV
Change in			
Reference rate	Increase by 1%	-1.5%	-2.4%
	Decrease by 1%	0.7%	2.1%
Equity Market movement	Decrease by 10%	-0.1%	-1.3%
Persistency (Lapse rates)	Increase by 10%	-0.3%	-0.3%
	Decrease by 10%	0.3%	0.3%
Maintenance expenses	Increase by 10%	-0.5%	-0.8%
	Decrease by 10%	0.5%	0.8%
Acquisition Expenses	Increase by 10%	-3.9%	NA
	Decrease by 10%	3.9%	NA
Mortality / Morbidity	Increase by 5%	-1.4%	-1.1%
	Decrease by 5%	1.4%	1.1%
Tax rate²	Increased to 25%	-5.8%	-8.9%

1. Post overrun total VNB for Individual and Group business

2. The tax rate is assumed to increase from 14.56% to 25% and hence all the currently taxed profits in policyholder/shareholder segments are taxed at a higher rate. It does not allow for the benefit of policyholder surplus being tax-exempt as was envisaged in the DTC Bill.

Capital position

Rs bn

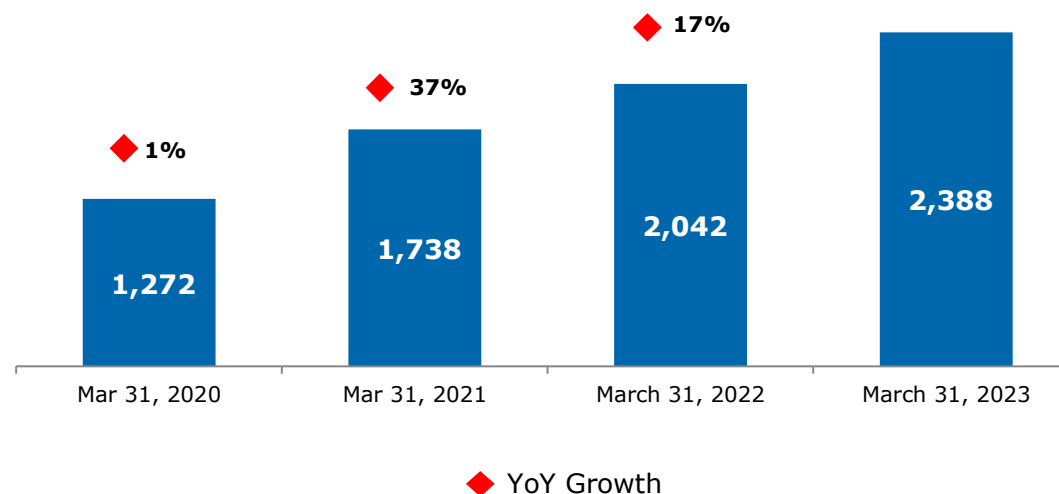


▪ Successfully raised Rs 20 billion of equity share capital in current year

Assets under management*

Rs bn

Debt: Equity	71:29	64:36	63:37	70:30
UL:Traditional	43:57	43:57	39:61	33:67



- ~99% of debt investments in Government bonds and AAA rated securities as on March 31, 2023

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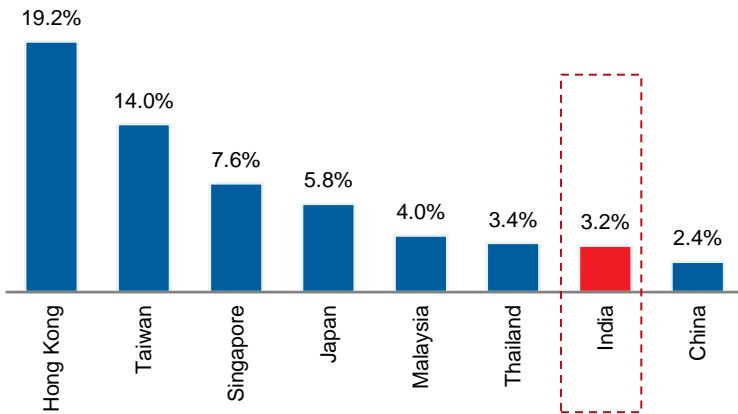
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Life insurance in India

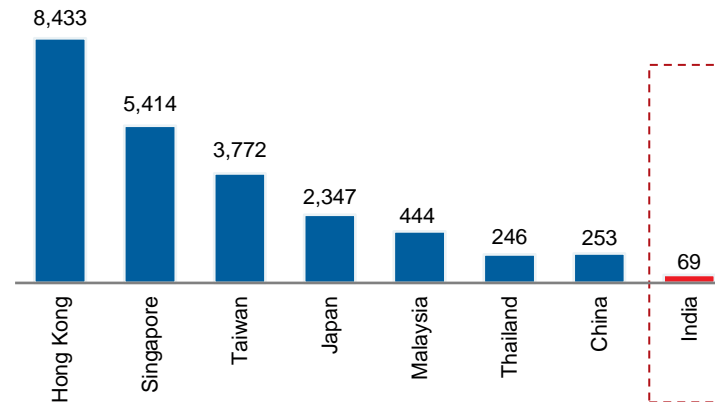


Growth opportunity: Under-penetration and favorable demographics

**Life Insurance penetration¹
(FY 2022)**

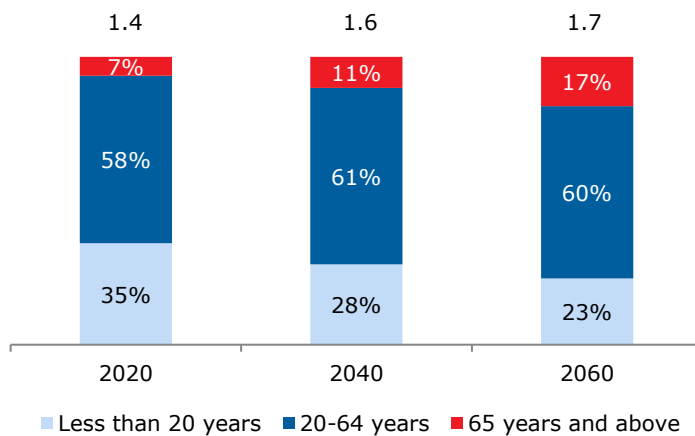


**Life Insurance density US\$²
(FY 2022)**

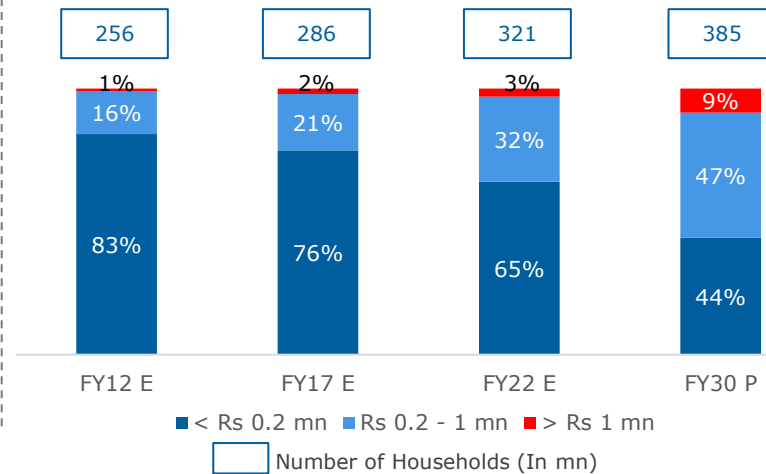


- India remains vastly under-insured, both in terms of penetration and density
- Huge opportunity to penetrate the underserved segments, with evolution of the life insurance distribution model

Population composition (bn)



Household distribution by income



- India's insurable population estimated to be at ~1 bn by 2035
- Number of middle income households is expected to almost double to 181 mn between FY22 and FY30
 - High proportion of this increase is expected to come from semi-urban and rural areas

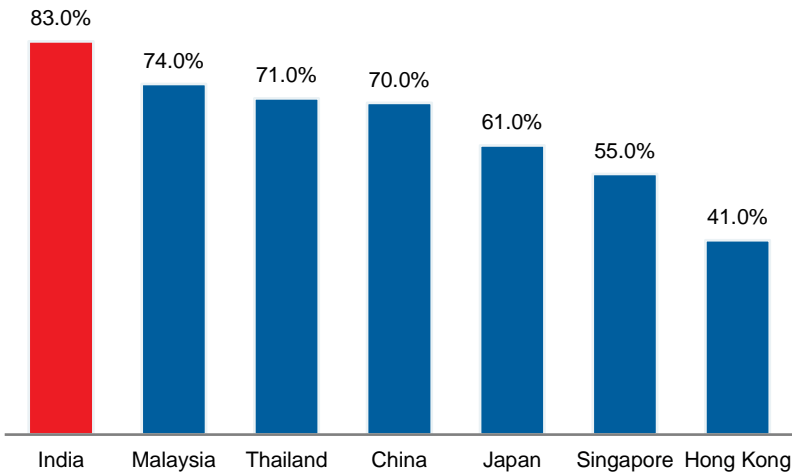
1. Penetration as measured by premiums as % of GDP,

2. Density defined as the ratio of premium underwritten in a given year to the total population

Source: Swiss Re, MOSPI, United Nations World Populations Prospects Report (2017), CRISIL "The big shift in financialisation" report 2022

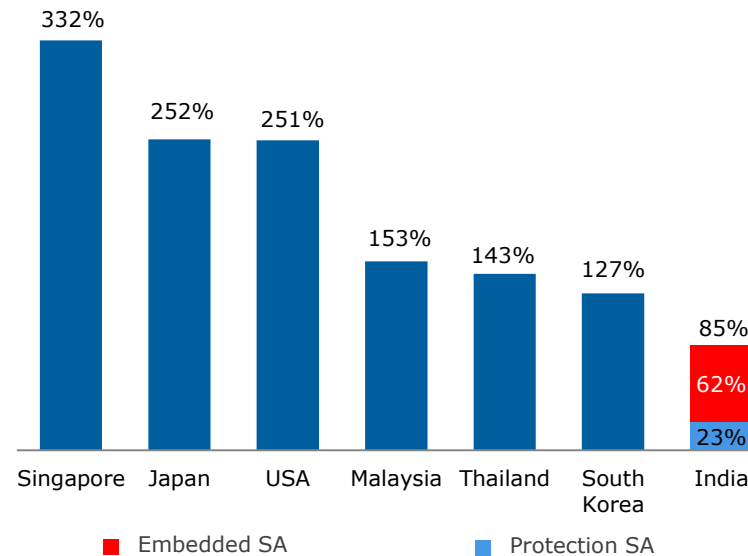
Low levels of penetration: Life protection

Protection gap ¹ (2019)



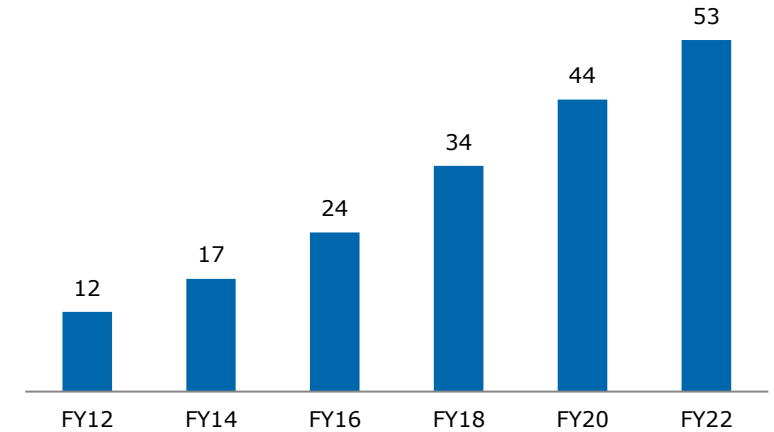
- India has the highest protection gap in the region
- Savings and life insurance coverage growth lagged economic and wage growth
- Protection gap growth rate to grow at ~4% per annum

Sum Assured as a % of GDP ²



- India has the lowest sum assured (SA) as a % of GDP amongst its peers
- opportunity for protection growth in life insurance due to:
 - Rising middle income,
 - Increasing financial literacy
 - Limited life cover represents

Trend of retail loans ³ (Rs Tn.)

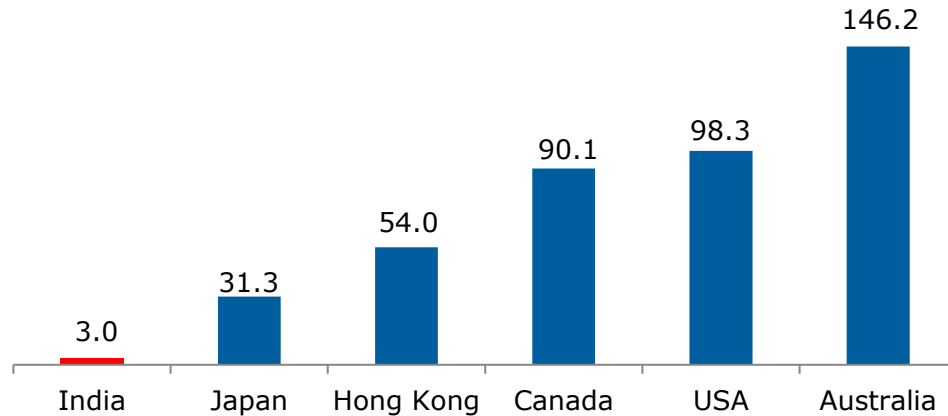


- Retail credit has grown at a CAGR of 16% over last 10 years
- Credit life need would be spurred by:
 - increasing retail indebtedness
 - Increasing attachment rates
 - Increasing value penetration,
 - Growing lines of business

1. Swiss Re (Based on respective financial year of the countries)
 2. Jefferies "Composite Insurance License in India: Taking a Leaf from Global Experience" report 2022
 3. Kotak institutional equities

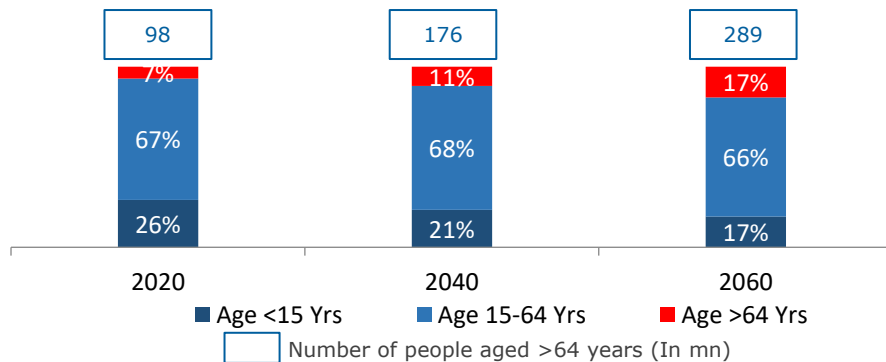
Macro opportunity: Retiral solutions

India's pension market is under-penetrated at 3%* of GDP

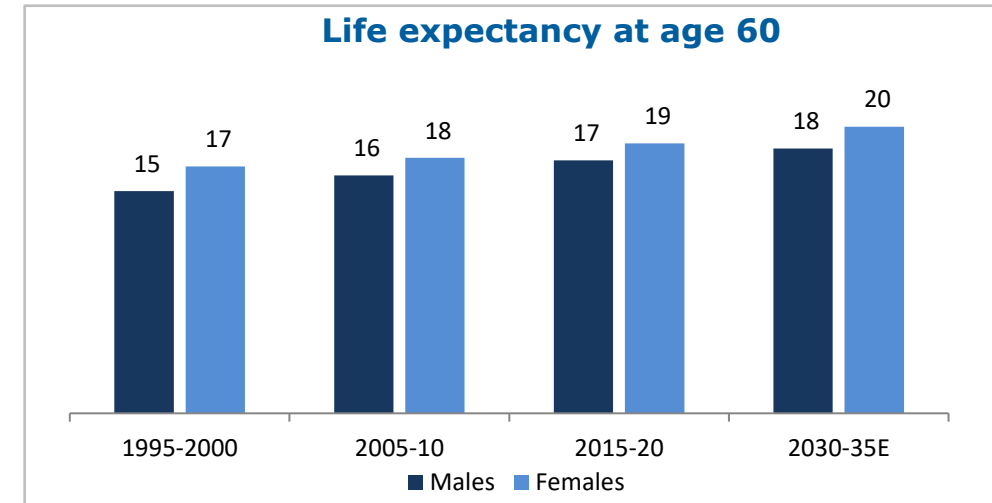


Elderly population is expected to almost triple by 2060

Ageing population



Improvements in life expectancy will lead to an average post retirement period of 20 years

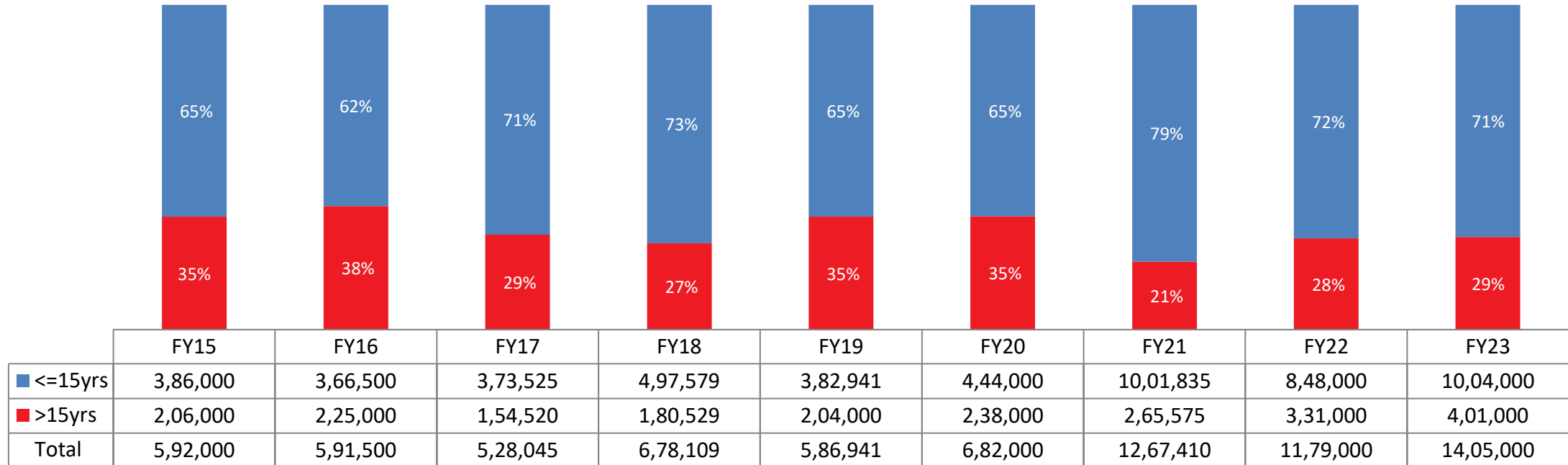


- Average household size has decreased from 4.6 in 2001 to 3.9 in 2018
- Total Pension AUM is expected to grow to Rs 118 Tn by 2030 (about 1/4th accounted by NPS)
- Mandatory schemes to increase coverage for both unorganized and organized sectors

Government bond auctions

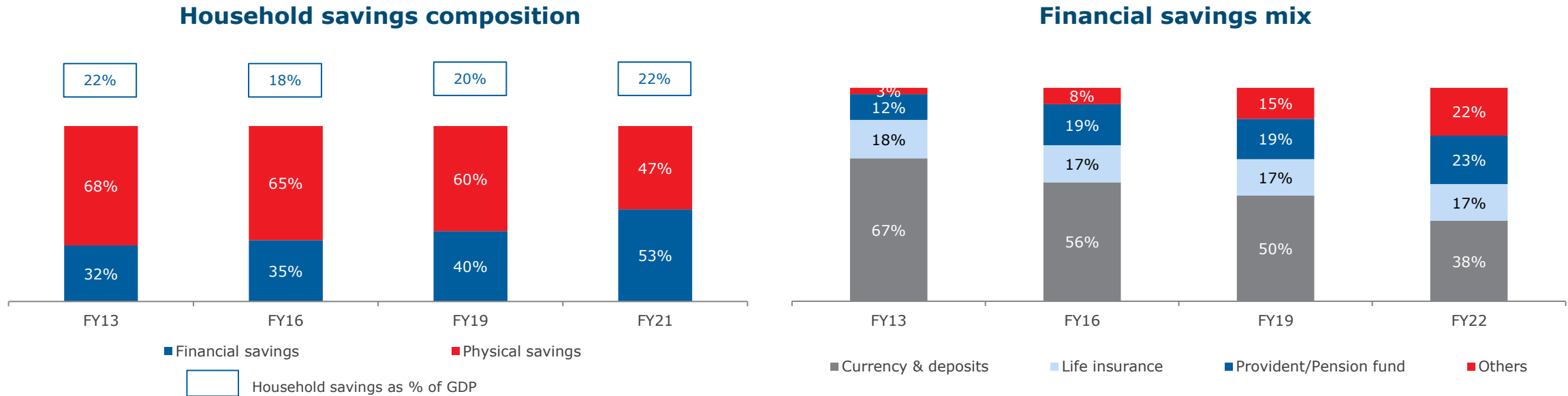
Government Bonds – Tenorwise Issuance

Rs cr



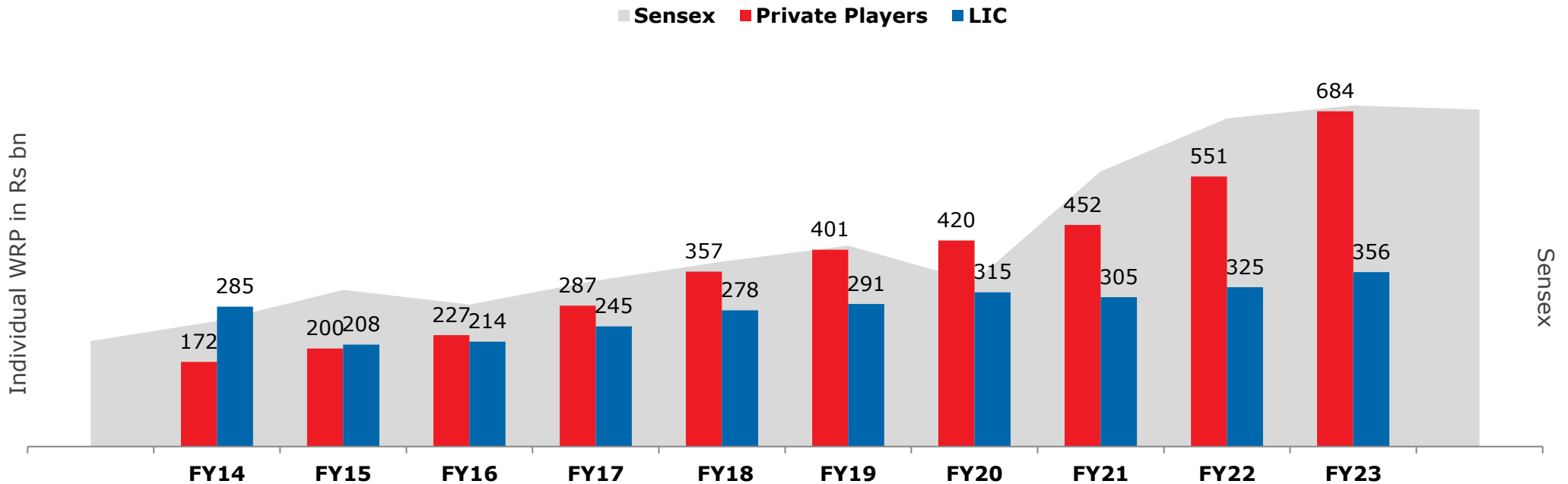
- Auction of >15 year maturity bonds has been ~25-30% on an average which facilitates writing annuity business at scale
- Budget estimate of gross government borrowing for FY24 is at Rs 15.4 trillion

Life Insurance: A preferred savings instrument



- Increasing preference towards financial savings with increasing financial literacy within the population
- Various government initiatives to promote financial inclusion:
 - Implementation of JAM trinity. Deposits in PMJDY accounts nearly doubled in 4 years from INR 0.96 Tn to INR 1.95 Tn
 - Nearly 90% of people in the country have a bank account, without any sharp urban-rural divide
 - Launch of affordable PMJJBY and PMSBY social insurance schemes
 - Atal Pension Yojana promoting pension in unorganized sector

Industry new business trends¹



Private players Market share

FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23
38%	49%	52%	54%	56%	58%	57%	60%	63%	66%

Growth %	Private	LIC	Overall
FY14	-3%	-2%	-3%
FY15	16%	-27%	-11%
FY16	14%	3%	8%
FY17	26%	15%	21%
FY18	24%	13%	19%
FY19	12%	5%	9%
FY20	5%	8%	6%
FY21	8%	-3%	3%
FY22	22%	7%	16%
FY23	24%	9%	19%

- Private sector remained at higher market share than LIC FY16 onwards
- Amongst private insurers, insurers with a strong bancassurance platform continue to gain market share

1. Based on Individual Weighted Received Premium (WRP)

Source: IRDAI and Life Insurance Council

Appendix



Financial and operational snapshot (1/2)

	FY23*	FY22	FY21	FY20
<i>New Business Premium (Incl. + Group)</i>	290.9	241.5	201.1	172.4
<i>Renewal Premium (Incl. +Group)</i>	284.5	218.1	184.8	154.7
Total Premium	575.3	459.6	385.8	327.1
Individual APE	114.0	81.7	71.2	61.4
Overall APE	133.4	97.6	83.7	74.1
Group Premium (NB)	142.4	125.1	100.3	87.8
Profit after Tax	13.6	12.1	13.6	13.0
- <i>Policyholder Surplus</i>	5.9	4.4	7.3	10.9
- <i>Shareholder Surplus</i>	7.7	7.7	6.3	2.1
Dividend Paid	3.6	4.1	-	-
Assets Under Management	2,387.8	2,041.7	1,738.4	1,272.3
Indian Embedded Value	395.3	329.6	266.2	206.5
Net Worth	(1) 129.7	154.0	84.3	69.9
NB (Individual and Group segment) lives insured (Mn.)	68.5	54.1	39.8	61.3
No. of Individual Policies (NB) sold (In 000s)	1,054.1	915.1	982.0	896.4

Rs bn.

1. Comprises share capital, share premium and accumulated profits/(losses)

* Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior years are not comparable

Financial and operational snapshot (2/2)

		FY23*	FY22	FY21	FY20
Overall New Business Margins (post overrun)		27.6%	27.4%	26.1%	25.9%
Operating Return on EV		19.7%	16.6%	18.5%	18.1%
Operating Expenses / Total Premium		14.8%	12.3%	12.0%	13.1%
Total Expenses (OpEx + Commission) / Total Premium		19.8%	16.5%	16.4%	17.7%
Return on Equity	(1)	11.9%	10.1%	17.6%	20.5%
Solvency Ratio		203%	176%	201%	184%
Persistency (13M / 61M)	(2)	87%/52%	87%/54%	85%/49%	80%/48%
Market Share (%)					
- Individual WRP		16.5%	14.8%	15.5%	14.2%
Business Mix (%)					
- Product (UL/Non par savings/Annuity/Non par protection/Par)	(3)	19/45/5/4/27	26/33/5/6/30	24/31/5/7/34	28/41/4/8/19
- Indl Distribution (CA/Agency/Broker/Direct)	(3)	56/20/11/13	60/14/6/19	61/13/7/19	55/14/9/22
- Total Distribution (CA/Agency/Broker/Direct/Group)	(4)	25/9/4/13/49	24/6/2/16/52	25/6/2/17/50	23/7/3/17/51
- Share of protection business (Based on Indl APE)		4.1%	5.6%	6.8%	7.6%
- Share of protection business (Based on Overall APE)		13.3%	13.6%	12.8%	17.2%
- Share of protection business (Based on NBP)		29.0%	24.0%	19.6%	27.6%

1. Calculated using net profit and average net worth for the period (Net worth comprises Share capital, Share premium and Accumulated profits). Opening networth for FY23 has been adjusted in line with the scheme of merger approved by the court

2. Individual persistency ratios (based on original premium)

3. Based on individual APE. UL: Unit Linked, Trad: Traditional, Par: Participating & CA: Corporate Agents. Percentages are rounded off

4. Based on total new business premium including group. Percentages are rounded off

* Current year numbers are on a merged basis, hence prior years are not comparable



Revenue and Profit & Loss A/c

Revenue A/c ¹		
	FY23*	FY22
Premium earned	575.3	459.6
Reinsurance ceded	(7.7)	(5.7)
Income from Investments	126.0	192.2
Other Income	4.3	1.5
Transfer from Shareholders' Account	8.8	5.7
Total Income	706.7	653.3
Commissions	28.9	19.4
Expenses	84.4	56.1
GST on UL charges	3.8	3.7
Provision for taxation	1.6	1.8
Provision for diminution in value of investments	0.3	(2.5)
Benefits paid	368.0	300.5
Change in valuation reserve	185.9	246.8
Bonuses Paid	20.4	17.9
Total Outgoings	693.1	643.7
Surplus	13.6	9.6
Transfer to Shareholders' Account	14.7	10.1
Funds for future appropriation - Par	(1.1)	(0.5)
Total Appropriations	13.6	9.6

Profit and Loss A/c ¹			Rs bn
	FY23*	FY22	
Income			
Interest and dividend income	6.7	4.8	
Net profit/(loss) on sale	0.5	3.1	
Transfer from Policyholders' Account	14.7	10.1	
Other Income	0.6	-	
Total	22.5	18.0	
Outgoings			
Transfer to Policyholders' Account	8.8	5.7	
Expenses	0.6	0.4	
Interest on convertible debentures	0.6	0.4	
Provision for diminution in value of investments	(0.3)	(0.3)	
Provision for Taxation	(0.9)	(0.3)	
Total	8.9	5.9	
Profit for the year as per P&L Statement	13.6	12.1	

Balance sheet

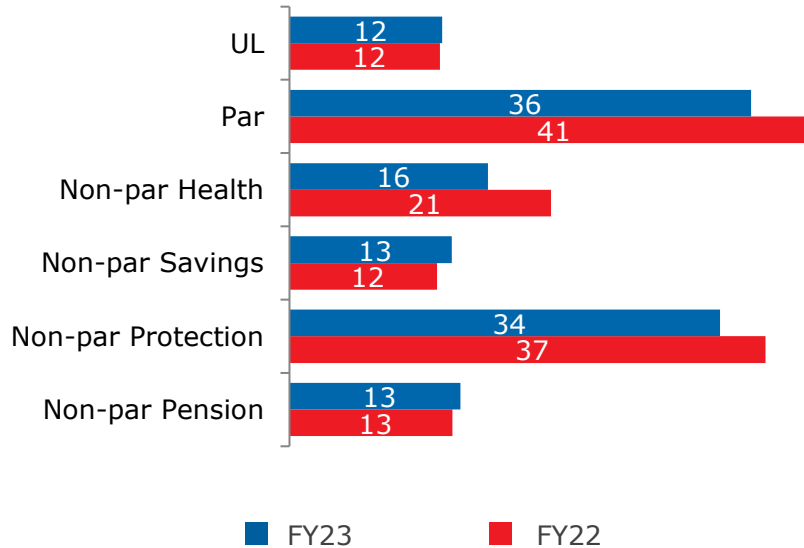
	March 31, 2023 ¹	March 31, 2022 ¹
Shareholders' funds		
Share capital (including Share premium)	58.7	86.7
Accumulated profits	71.0	67.3
Fair value change	0.2	0.8
Sub total	129.9	154.8
Borrowings	9.5	6.0
Policyholders' funds		
Fair value change	19.8	21.7
Policy Liabilities	1,432.7	1,043.4
Provision for Linked Liabilities	753.8	765.2
Funds for discontinued policies	38.2	41.0
Sub total	2,244.5	1,871.3
Funds for future appropriation (Par)	12.4	9.4
Total Source of funds	2,396.2	2,041.6
Shareholders' investment	131.3	152.4
Policyholders' investments: Non-linked	1,464.5	1,083.1
Policyholders' investments: Linked	792.0	806.2
Loans	15.9	6.4
Fixed assets	3.8	3.4
Net current assets	(11.3)	(10.0)
Total Application of funds	2,396.2	2,041.6

Rs bn

Segment wise average term and age¹

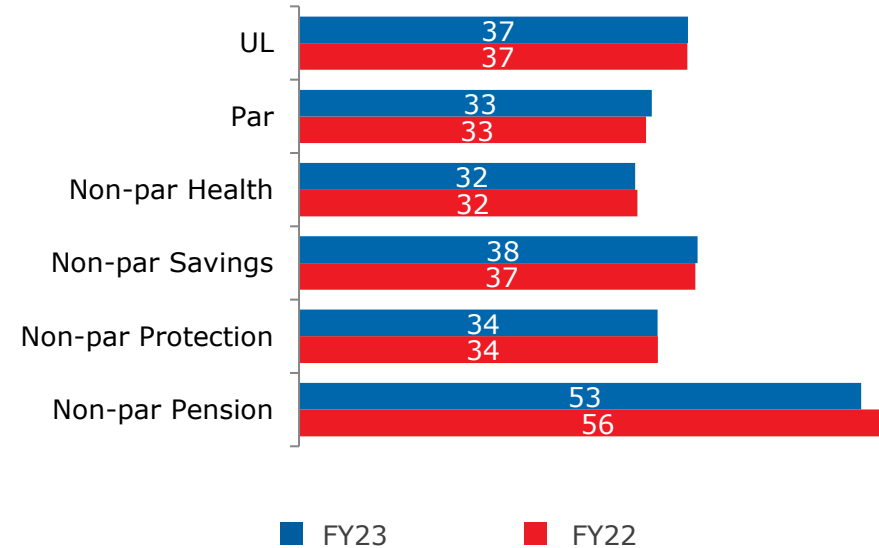
Average Policy Term excluding annuity (Yrs)

FY23: 22.7 (FY22: 22.6)



Average Customer Age excluding annuity (Yrs)

FY23: 35.6 (FY22: 36.4)



- Focus on long term insurance solutions, reflected in terms of long policy tenure
- Extensive product solutions catering customer needs across life cycles from young age to relatively older population

Summary of Milliman report on our ALM approach – FY20

Scope of review	Portfolios reviewed
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assess appropriateness of ALM strategy to manage interest rate risk in non-par savings business Review sensitivity of value of assets and liabilities to changes in assumptions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Portfolio 1: Savings and Protection – All non-single premium non-par savings contracts and group protection products Portfolio 2: All immediate and deferred annuities

Description	Stress scenarios tested	Net asset liability position
Interest rate scenarios	Parallel shifts/ shape changes in yield curve within +- 150 bps of March 31 st 2020 Gsec yield curve	Changes by < 4.5%
Interest rate + Demographic scenarios	Interest rate variation + changes in future persistency/ mortality experience	Changes by < 7%
100% persistency and low interest rates	100% persistency with interest rates falling to 4% p.a. for next 5 years, 2% p.a for years 6 -10 and 0% thereafter	Still remains positive

Opinion and conclusion

ALM strategy adopted for Portfolios 1 and 2 is appropriate to:

- meet policyholder liability cash flows
- protect net asset-liability position thereby limiting impact on shareholder value



Indian Embedded value: Methodology and Approach (1/2)

Overview

Indian Embedded Value (IEV) consists of:

- **Adjusted Net Worth (ANW)**, consisting of:
 - Free surplus (FS);
 - Required capital (RC); and
- **Value of in-force covered business (VIF)**: Present value of the shareholders' interest in the earnings distributable from assets allocated to the covered business, after making sufficient allowance for the aggregate risks in the covered business.

Components of Adjusted Net Worth (ANW)

- **Free surplus (FS)**: FS is the Market value of any assets allocated to, but not required to support, the in-force covered business as at the valuation date. The FS has been determined as the adjusted net worth of the Company (being the net shareholders' funds adjusted to revalue assets to Market value), less the RC as defined below.
- **Required capital (RC)**: RC is the amount of assets attributed to the covered business over and above that required to back liabilities for the covered business. The distribution of this to shareholders is restricted. RC is set equal to the internal target level of capital equal to 170% of the factor-based regulatory solvency requirements, less the funds for future appropriations ("FFA") in the participating funds and the book value of subordinated debt, to the extent allowed by the regulations to meet the RC.

Indian Embedded value: Methodology and Approach (2/2)

Components of Value in-force covered business (VIF)

- **Present value of future profits (PVFP):** PVFP is the present value of projected distributable profits to shareholders arising from the in-force covered business determined by projecting the shareholder cash flows from the in-force covered business and the assets backing the associated liabilities. The adjustment to market value in respect of the assets in the policyholders' funds other than participating funds, to the extent available for distribution to shareholders, has been allowed for in the PVFP.
- **Time Value of Financial Options and Guarantees (TVFOG):** TVFOG reflects the value of the additional cost to shareholders that may arise from the embedded financial options and guarantees attaching to the covered business in the event of future adverse market movements. Intrinsic value of such options and guarantees is reflected in PVFP.
- **Frictional costs of required capital (FC):** FC represents the investment management expenses and taxation costs associated with holding the RC after allowing for the capital support provided by the participating business FFA and the book value of subordinated debt, to the extent allowed by the regulations to meet the RC. VIF includes an allowance for FC of holding RC for the covered business. VIF also includes an allowance for FC in respect of the encumbered capital in the Company's holdings in its subsidiaries.
- **Cost of residual non-hedgeable risks (CRNHR):** CRNHR is an allowance for risks to shareholder value to the extent that these are not already allowed for in the TVFOG or the PVFP. In particular, the CRNHR makes allowance for:
 - asymmetries in the impact of the risks on shareholder value; and
 - risks that are not allowed for in the TVFOG or the PVFP.

CRNHR has been determined using a cost of capital approach. CRNHR is the present value of the cost of capital charge levied on the projected capital in respect of the material risks identified.

Embedded Value: Economic assumptions¹

Years	Forward rates %		Spot rates %	
	As at Mar 31, 2023	As at Mar 31, 2022	As at Mar 31, 2023	As at Mar 31, 2022
1	7.19	4.34	6.94	4.25
2	7.47	5.65	7.07	4.87
3	7.47	6.70	7.11	5.41
4	7.45	7.43	7.13	5.85
5	7.44	7.90	7.14	6.20
10	7.51	8.36	7.17	7.10
15	7.60	7.97	7.22	7.34
20	7.66	7.57	7.25	7.36
25	7.68	7.27	7.28	7.32
30	7.69	7.08	7.30	7.25

Glossary (Part 1)

- **APE (Annualized Premium Equivalent)** - The sum of annualized first year regular premiums and 10% weighted single premiums and single premium top-ups
- **Backbook surplus** – Surplus accumulated from historical business written
- **Conservation ratio** - Ratio of current year renewal premiums to previous year's renewal premium and first year premium
- **Embedded Value Operating Profit (“EVOP”)** – Measure of the increase in the EV during any given period, excluding the impact on EV due to external factors like changes in economic variables and shareholder-related actions like capital injection or dividend pay-outs.
- **First year premiums** - Regular premiums received during the year for all modes of payments chosen by the customer which are still in the first year. For example, for a monthly mode policy sold in March 2022, the first instalment would fall into first year premiums for 2021-22 and the remaining 11 instalments in the first year would be first year premiums in 2022-23
- **New business received premium** - The sum of first year premium and single premium
- **New business strain** – Strain on the business created due to revenues received in the first policy year not being able to cover for expenses incurred

Glossary (Part 2)

- **Operating expense** - It includes all expenses that are incurred for the purposes of sourcing new business and expenses incurred for policy servicing (which are known as maintenance costs) including shareholders' expenses. It does not include commission.
- **Operating expense ratio** - Ratio of operating expense (including shareholders' expenses) to total premium
- **Proprietary channels** - Proprietary channels include agency and direct
- **Protection Share** - Share of protection includes annuity and health
- **Persistency** - The proportion of business retained from the business underwritten. The ratio is measured in terms of number of policies and premiums underwritten.
- **Renewal premiums** - Regular recurring premiums received after the first year
- **Solvency ratio** - Ratio of available solvency Margin to required solvency Margins
- **Total premiums** - Total received premiums during the year including first year, single and renewal premiums for individual and group business
- **Weighted received premium (WRP)** - The sum of first year premium and 10% weighted single premiums and single premium top-ups

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